Justice

(With which THE NEW TIMES is Incorporated)

No. 206] MADRAS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1937 [HALF ANNA

LOCAL SUBSCRIPTION

Monthly	... Re.	1-0-0
Quarterly	... Rs.	3-0-0
Half-yearly	... Rs.	6-0-0
Yearly	... Rs.	12-0-0

Government, Corporation, etc., Rs. 3 per month.

0
14-0-0
...alities, District
...s, etc.
per month.
...UNTRIES—Rs. 8-6-0
...r month

SALE

...PE MACHINES ...R SALE!

... invited for the purchase ...owing Lino-type machines ... as good as new. Trial by ...tment:—

New Model No. 4
7 pt. Roman and Antique
8 pt. Roman and Italics
with two magazines.
No. 10445.

New Model No. 4
7 pt. Roman and Antique
Heading Types—18 pt., 12 pt. and 10 pt.
with two magazines.
No. 10458.

New Model No. 4
7 pt. Roman and Italics
with two magazines.
... 10545.

...d Model No. 4
8 pt. Roman and Antique
... 7482.

...pply to:—
The HONY. SECRETARY,
"Justice"
14, Mount Road, Madras.

...STICE"

ADVERTISEMENT TARIFF

...pecial Short Classified Advertisements: "Wanted", "To Let", "Notice" and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, not exceeding three lines, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line or part of a lne Annas 4.

...ilwaays, Shipping, Government, ...itary, Municipal, District Board and other notifications of Public and Corporate bodies: Ten Annas per line or Rs. 4 per inch single column per insertion. Displayed Advertisements Rs. 5 per inch single column per insertion.

...egal Notices: 8 annas per line single column per insertion.

...inema, Theatrical, Concert and other ...ertainments: Rs. 3 per inch sin... ...olumn per insertion.

...pany Prospectuses: Full page ... 450. Half page Rs. 250. Rs. 5 ... inch single column per inser...tion with a minimum of Rs. 100.

...otices and Reports of Company Meetings: Rs. 4 per inch single column per insertion.

...omestic Occurrences: Births, Deaths, ...arriages, In Memoriam, etc., Rs. 2 ...r insertion. No verses or quota...s permissible.

...n Manifestos: Rs. 5 per inch ... column per insertion.

...ct rates on application to:—
...dvertisement Manager.
..."USTICE".
MADRAS.

NOTICE

Special Tutorial Classes at the *Madras Medical College* for Primary F. R. C. S. Examination of 1938.

For particulars please apply to the *Principal*.

(503)

YOU REQUIRE MORE PERMANENT PURCHASERS? ADVERTISE REGULARLY IN "JUSTICE"

ADVERTISE

Is the business feeling bad?

ADVERTISE!

Stocks and Shares make you mad?

ADVERTISE!

Grumbling never paid the rent;
Worrying never made a cent.
If on profits you are bent,

ADVERTISE!

Out the grouser from your list;
Be a cheery optimist;

Jump above depression's mist—
You have lots and lots to sell?

ADVERTISE!

Say, it often, sty it well—

ADVERTISE!

Advertise in "Justice"—I. F. S.

ADVERTISE!

Advertise your goods to-day,
Advertise the modern way,
Advertise and make it pay—

SEE MADRAS WEEKLY NOTES

FOR

The Latest Case Law and for Certainty

—:(O):—

SOME OF THE MANY OPINIONS

A CITY ADVOCATE:—

"I have been using almost every day the M.W.N. Reports ever since it was started in 1910 and I have great pleasure in testifying to the excellence of the numerous decisions . . . The very able and energetic Editor of this Journal has done very great service to the Bench, Bar and the Police . . . The reporting is very prompt and accurate . . . reported within a week or ten days of the pronouncement and no legal Journal is so prompt in reporting cases . . . Every reportable judgment finds a place in this valuable Journal immediately after the judgment is pronounced . . . I also mention the excellent and attractive way in which this Journal is printed . . . M.W.N. is indispensable to all Practitioners, Judges, Magistrates and the Police to get through their ordinary work."

A MOFUSSIL LAWYER:—

"I will be a life member to your Journal . . . I find it most up-to-date. Your Journal beats all other Journals in all respects. That is also the opinion of my friends . ."

A HIGH COURT JUDGE:—

" . . . Your headnotes are excellent and unrivalled."

A MOFUSSIL JUDGE:—

"I have been a subscriber to M.W.N. from almost the commencement of the Journal. The reporting and the selection of the cases to be reported has always been good; and in recent years the Journal has been made specially useful to the lawyer practising in criminal courts by prompt reporting of all useful cases relating to criminal law. It is unnecessary to praise a Journal of such long standing and I wish it all success in the future years."

A MAGISTRATE:—

"I find your Journal very useful. I particularly appreciate the fact that the reporting is prompt and your idea of giving a summary of the facts of the case before reporting the judgment itself is very helpful. I am certain your Journal will be of great use to the Bench and the Bar alike."

—(:o:)—

A DAILY GROWING JOURNAL.

1934 Volume contains 493 cases; nearly 200 cases did not appear anywhere at that date.

1935 Volume contains 627 cases; nearly 250 cases did not appear anywhere at that date.

1936 Volume ending June contains 283; nearly 138 cases have not appeared anywhere so far.

Some of the Judgments appear in full in our Reports by the time they appear as Short Notes in others.

THE M.W.N. REPORTS

Are an essential unit of the necessary tools of the progressive and successful lawyer.

THE M.W.N. REPORTS

Render maximum efficient serviceby giving the latest trent of Judicial decisions for quick, safe and definite advice to clients.

WITH M.W.N. REPORTS

In one's hands there is no fear ofany surprise or defeat. No fear of error that may prove costly and risky to clients.

IN M.W.N. REPORTS

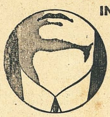
All Leading Cases are promptly reported enabling the practitioner to get a sympathetic hearing fromJudges without having to unnecessarily waste the Court's time by irrelevant or copious citations.

BEST MEDIUM OF ADVERTISEMENT

To reach the largest number ofLawyers and Judges in Civil and Criminal Courts in South India andalso the adjoining Native States. Our advertisement service is efficient; and helpful suggestions are always at the disposal of those who need ouradvice regarding the advertisement to be displayed before the legal profession.

MADRAS WEEKLY NOTES, 5, Thambu Chetty St., MADRAS.

PREVENT COLDS AND INFECTIOUS DISEA...



such as:

SORE THROAT
INFLUENZA
DIPHTHERIA and
SCARLET FEVER

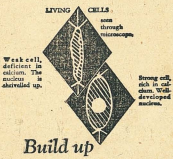
When Influenza and Colds are about—take Formamint, *at once*. With Formamint you will escape infection, because Formamint destroys the germs that cause infections of the mouth and throat. *Always keep a bottle of Formamint at hand.*

FORMAMINT

The Germ-killing Throat tablet

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

Made by the manufacturers of SANATOGEN and KALZANA.



Build up a strong Constitution

The strengthening influence of Kalzana, the Calcium food, on the entire system is due to the fact that Kalzana provides every cell of your body with the *Calcium* (lime) it needs to keep it strong and healthy.

By taking Kalzana you will conquer all those forms of weakness, which are due to lack of Calcium in the body, such as:

GENERAL DEBILITY

Kalzana strengthens the cells of nerves, bones and blood—it increases your power of resistance against illness and fevers and has a remarkable tonic effect on your health.

WEAK TEETH

Kalzana makes the teeth strong and hard and prevents decay. Remember that your teeth are almost entirely built up of Calcium and any deficiency of Calcium in your body will bring about decay and weakness in your teeth.

WOMEN'S DISEASES

By strengthening the blood and nerves Kalzana regulates the functions peculiar to women. It relieves undue pains, conquers irritability and soon brings you back to care-free health.

Kalzana

THE CALCIUM FOOD

Made by the manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamint.

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

MADRAS CORPORATION BROADCASTING

Programme of music to be broadcast from the Studio at Ripon Buildings, Madras.

Call Sign: V. U. M.

Wavelength: 390 metres.

Friday, Sept. 3.

4—4-30 p.m.—Story of "Thiruneelakanta Nayanar" for school children by Mr. Natesa Nattar.

5-30—7-30 p.m.—Shree P. V. Parvathy Varasiar—South Indian Music (Vocal).

CITY HEALTH PROPAGANDA

Madras, Sept. 2.

The following is the programme of Health Propaganda work of the Corporation with magic lantern demonstration in the City of Madras, at 6-30 p.m. to-morrow.

NORTH RANGE

Leprosy.—At Islami Bada 17th Division.

Cholera.—At Bishop Cheri near Washermanpet.

SOUTH RANGE

Ventilation and Housing.—At Mahomedan Garden Cheri.

Mosquitoes.—At Junction of Krishnappa Mudali Street and Lawley Begum Street, 32nd Division Triplicane.

ORATTANAD BOYS HIGH SCHOOL

(From a Correspondent)

Orattanad, Sept. 1.

The Eighth Annual Local Sports of the Board High School, Orattanad, and the First Annual Inter Elementary School Sports Orattanad circle, were conducted on 28th and 29th Aug. '37 in the western garden under the patronge of Mr. Enoch Mancikam, B.A., Sub-Magistrate, Orattanad, who also presided over the prize distribution function on the finals day. The function began with a speech by Mr. T. S. Velayutham Pillai, B.A.L.T., Head master and President of the Local Sports Committee, who spoke on Sports activities in general and the activities or Orattanad High school in particular. Then the president spoke on "The ideals of Sportmanship". Mrs. Enoch Hellen distributed the prizes to the winners in the sports.

The schools that partook in the sports were nine in number. The following schools secured prizes as follows: B. H. S. Orattanad 52 prizes, B. E. S. Orattanad 16 Prizes, B.G.S, Orattanad 16 prizes, B. E. S. Orattanad Pudur 5 prizes, B. E. S. Kananthangudi West 5 Prizes, B.E.S. Thennamanad 3 prizes, B. E. S. Neduvakottai 1 prize, B. E. S. Palamputhur 1 prize and B.E. S. Pulavangadu 3 prizes.

The 1st set championship cup was awarded to Mr. A. Lakshmisundaram of VI Form by G. Kesavan a former leading sportsman of the High School. The 2nd set championship medal was awarded to Mr. D. Marimuthu of V Form by Mr. R. Kothandapani Naidu, Assistant B.E.S. Orattanad. The 3rd set championship medal was awarded to Mr. S. Subbaroyan IV Form by Mr. A. Annamalai cloth merchant and an old boy of the High School.

With a vote of thanks proposed by Mr. M.Govindaraja Nattar, B. A., B. L., Games Superintendent, the function terminated.

STERLING PURCHASES

Madras, Sept. 2.

The following Press Communique has been issued by the Central Office of the Reserve Bank of India:—

On Wednesday the 1st September ,1937, tenders to the amount of £ 35,000 at 1sh. 6-1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£ One Million will be offered for tender on Tuesday, the 7th September, 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

ANOTHER WIN FOR ARSENAL

ASTON VILLA BEATEN BY LUTON

ENGLISH LEAGUE FOOTBALL

London, Sept. 1.

The following are the results of the matches played in the English Football League to-day:

First Division

Arsenal 3, Huddersfield 1.
Birmingham 3, Middlesbrough 1.
Brentford 2, Preston 1.
Derby 1, Wolverhampton 2.
Leeds 2, Chelsea 0.
Liverpool 3, Portsmouth 2.
Manchester City 2, Everton 0.

Second Division

Luton 3, Aston Villa 2.
Newcastle 0, Barnsley 1.
Nottingham Forest 1, Stockport 2.
Southampton 0, Chesterfield 1.

Third Division: Southern Section

Aldershot 0, Reading 0.
Bournemouth 2, Clapton Orient 1.
Brighton 3, Southend 1.
Exeter 0, Notts County 3.
Gillingham 1, Newport 0.
Swindon 4, Crystal Palace 0.
Watford 3, Bristol City 1.

Northern Section

Bradford City 1, Southport 1.
Crewe 1, New Brighton 0.
Darlington 1, Oldham 0.
Hartlepools 2, Accrington 0.
Wrexham 1, Lincoln 0.
Yorks 2, Doncaster 0.

Scottish League: First Division

Aberdeen 5, Clyde 2.—Reuter.

New Speed Record For Motor Boats

SIR MALCOLM CAMPBELL'S FEAT

London, Sept. 1.

The famous racing motorist, Sir Malcolm Campbell, is reported to have broken the speedboat record for single engined speedboats on Lake Maggiore this morning in his racing craft Bluebird.

His record speed given is 127. 05 m. p. h.

It is stated that conditions this morning were not good and Sir Campbell will make another attempt to improve the record. —B. O. W.

LIBRARY PROPAGANDA AT TIRUKATTPALLI

(From a Correspondent)

Tirukattpalli, Aug. 31.

Mr. S. M. Fossil paid a visit to Sir Sivasawamy Iyer's High School and discussed with the teachers the use of the library hour. In the evening, he addressed a public meeting on "The educated classes and the rural masses." Mr. Gurusawmi Sastry presided. Mr. Fossil said that a national advancement was impossible unless the educated section of the people shared their knowledge with the illiterate villagers. With a few remarks from the chair the meeting terminated.

At Tiruvadi

Tiruvadi, Aug. 31.

Mr. S. M. Fossil visited Tiruvadi yesterday and addressed a meeting in the Maharajah's College of Sanskrit and Tamil studies. Dr. Subramani Sastry presided. Mr. Fossil appealed to the pundits to settle down in villages and disseminate knowledge amongst the masses in the traditional manner. He delivered an address in the Central High School on "Students and National awakening". In the evening, a public meeting was held which was presided over by the District Munsif when Mr. Fossil spoke on the "Ideals of the Library Movement". He then visited libraries and reading rooms and held informal discussions with social workers.

COMMERCIAL

MONEY & SHARES

MADRAS

EXCHANGE

Madras, Sept. 2.

B. C. Rate T. T. ... 18 1/16d.
B. C. Rate D.D. ... 18 1/16d.
Banks Selling T.T. ... 18 3/32d.
Banks Selling D.D. ... 18 3/32d.
Banks Buying Rate Demand Draft on London...18 3/16d
Banks Buying Rate 3 months' Sight on London ... 18¼d
Banks Buying Rate 6 months' Sight on London ... 18 9/32d.
Market:—Dull.
France Banks Selling D.D. 970 Francs per Rs. 100.
Germany Banks Selling T. T. 91 Marks per Rs. 100.
American Dollars Banks Selling Demand Draft Rs. 268 per 100 Dollars.
American Dollars Banks Buying Demand Draft Rs. 263 per 100 Dollars.
Straits Dollars Banks Selling Demand Draft Rs. 157 per 100 Dollars.
Straits Dollars Banks Buying Demand Draft Rs. 152 per 100 Dollars.
Hongkong Banks Selling Demand Draft or T.T. Rs. 84½ per 100 Dollars.
Shanghai Banks Selling Demand Draft or T.T. Rs. 83 per 100 Dollars.
Japan Banks Selling Demand Draft Rs. 77¾ per 100 Yen.
Java Banks Selling Demand Draft or T.T. Guilders Rs. 65 per 100 Rupees.
Paris/London Cross Rate 132.79 Francs per £. 1 Stg.
London/New York 4·9662 Dollars per £. 1 Stg.
London/Milan 94·37 Lira per £ 1 Stg.
London/Amsterdam 9·00½ Florins per £. 1 Stg.
Reserve Bank of India rate 3 p. c.
Bank of England rate 2 p. c.

TRANSACTIONS

Bank of Mysore Ltd. (Rs. 100) at Rs. 285.
Central Bank of India Ltd. (Rs. 25) at Rs. 32.
Buckingham and Carnatic Co., Ltd., Rs. 7½ p. c. Cum. Pref. (Rs.100) at Rs. 161.
Velliamattam Rubber Co., Ltd., (Rs. 10) at Rs. 34-10
Hubli Electricity Co., Ltd., (Rs. 50) at Rs. 54-4. X.D.

R. C. PATERSON,
Broker, Madras.

Madras, Sept. 2.

Balanoor Tea & Rubber Co., Ltd., (Rs. 10 paid) at Rs. 9-14.
Oregum Gold Mining Co., (Sh. 10 paid) at Sh. 11.
7½ p. c. free of Income-Tax Cum Pref. Amrutanjan Ltd., (Rs. 100) at Rs. 100.
Rane Travancore Rubber Co., Ltd., £1 at Sh. 22-6.
Imperial Bank (Rs. 500) at Rs. 1,530.
Madras Telephones Co. Ltd., (Rs. 10) at Rs. 23.
Madras Publishing House Pref. (Rs. 100) paid at Rs. 96.
Reserve Bank of India Rs. 100 at Rs. 126.
Pankaja Mill Ordy. Rs. 100 at Rs. 101.

KOTHARI & SONS.,
Brokers, Madras.

Madras, Sept. 2.

3 p. c. 1952 Govt. of Madras New Loan at Rs. 99-11-6.
Mysore Paper Mills Ltd. at Rs. 11-6.
Associated Cement Co. Ltd. at Rs. 150-8.
Renong Tin Dredging Co. Ltd. (£. 1) at £. 2. 13. 9.
Southern Kinta Consolidated (£. 0-5-0) at £. 1. 0. 6.

MACONOCHIE & CO.,
Brokers, Madras.

TRANSACTIONS OF THE DAY

Madras, Sept. 2.

3 p. c. 1952 Madras Government Loan at Rs. 99-10.
Premier Construction II Pref. (Rs. 100 paid) at Par. s. l.

MADRAS SHIPPING LIST

HOMEWARD

Name of Steamers	Calling Ports	Date Due	Leave for	Date of Sailing.
Clan Morrison	Madras	In Harbour	London and Dunkirk	2 Sep.
Hilda	Pondicherry	In Port	Trieste & Venice	
Mashobra	Madras	7 Sep.	Marseilles, London, Dundee, Continent & Middlesbrough	
Clan Macilwraith	Madras	7 Sep.	London and Glasgow	9 Sep
Incomati	Madras	8 Sep.	East & South African Ports	
Silverpalm	Madras	-9 Sep.	Pacific Ports via Calcutta	
City of Bath	Madras	10 Sep.	U. S. A. via Calcutta	
Clan Mactavish	Madras	14 Sep.	London and Glaagow	16 Sep
Porthos	Madras	18 Sep.	Marseilles*	
Tampa	Madras	20 Sep.	U. S. A. Ports via Caleutta	
Lahore	Madras	21 Sep.	London, Dundee, Continent and Middlesbrough	21 Sept.
Clan Macquarrie	Madras	22 Sep.	London and Glasgow	
Mulbera	Madras	5 Oct.	Marseilles, London, Dundee, Continent and Middlesbrough	
Isipingo	Madras	8 Oct.	East and South African Ports	
Nagpore	Madras	19 Oct.	London, Dundee, Continent and Middlesbrough	
Domala	Madras	2 Nov.	Marseilles, London, Dundee, Continent and Middlesbrough	
Leconte De Lisle	Madras	3 Nov.	Marseilles*	
Nirpura	Madtas	16 Nov.	London, Dundee, Continent & Middlesbrough	

OUTWARD

Lahore	Madras	In Harbour	Calcutta	2 Sep
Ethiopia	Madras	In Harbour	Rangoon	3 Sep.
Mah raja	Madras	In Harbour	Port Blair	6 Sep.
Clan Stuart	Madras	3 Sep.	Calcutsa and Chittagong	5 Sep.
Isipingo	Madras	3 Sep.	Calcutta and Rangoon	
Rajula	Mndras	4 Sep	Straits	7 Sep.
Mathura	Madras	5 Sep.	Calcutta	6 Sep.
Erinpura	Madras	6 Sep.	Rangoon	10 Sep.
Col di Lana	Madras	8 Sep.	Calcutta	
City of Bath	Madras	10 Sep.	Calcutta	
Mulbera	Madras	10 Sep.	Calcutta	10 Sept.
Ethiopia	Madras	13 Sep.	Rangoon	17 Sept.
Penang Maru	Madras	13 Sep.	Japan Ports via Pondicherry	
Ockenfels	Manras	14 Sep.	Calcutta via Coconada & Vizag	
Nurjehan	Madras	16 Sep.	Cuddalore, Negapatam, Tuticorin. Cochin, Calicut & Bombay	
City of Salisbury	Madras	29 Sep.	Calcutta	

Rangoon Mail Steamer every Friday.

Straits Mail every other Tuesday with transhipment Far East and Australasia.

* These Steamers take cargo to Djibouti, Suez, Port Said and to the Far East and Australian Ports with transhipment at Colombo.

(') These Steamers take cargo to the Far East and Australian Ports with transhipment at Singapore and or Saigon.

The above details are only approximate and are subject to alteration.

Madras, 2-9-37.

R. C. PATERSON.

Ellore Electric Supply Corpn. Lsd., (Rs. 10, Rs. 5 paid) at Rs. 5-8.
Cochin State Power & Light Corpn. Ltd., (Rs. 10 paid) at Rs. 13-6.
Velliamattam Rubber Co., Ltd., (Rs. 10) at Rs. 33-4.
Mysore Tobacco Co., Ltd. (Rs. 10 Rs. 4 paid) at Rs. 3-14.

DALAL & CO.,
Brokers, Madras.

MADRAS BULLION

Madras, Sept 2.

Sovereign (Retail) Rs. 22-5-6.
Sovereign (Wholesale) Rs. 22-5-0.
Mint Bar Gold (Forward Bombay delivery) per tola Rs. 34-10-0.
Mint Bar Gold (Ready delivery) per tola Rs. 34-9-0
"Moosa" Gold (per tola Rs. 34-3-0.
Bar Silver (Forward Bombay delivery) per 100 tolas Rs. 51-2-0.
Bar Silver (Ready delivery) per 100 tolas Rs. 51-12-0.
Silver (Retail Price) As. 0-8-6 (per tola)

PIECEGOODS

(Quotations per 20 yards:—)

GREY MULLS

"Mongoose Snake" 22x22 (b) Rs.6-13-0; Average quality Rs.5-11-0; "Two Rats" 22x22 (b) Rs. 5-12-0; Average quality Rs. 4-14-0; "Queen 53" 24x24 Rs. 9-8-0; "Queen 53" 22x22 Rs. 8-14-0.

BLEACHED GREY MULLS

"Mongoose Snake" 22x22 (b) Rs. 7-8-0; "Two Rats" 22x22 (b) Rs. 6-4-0; Average quality Rs. 5-4-0.

WHITE MULLS

1703 (net) Rs. 9-12-0; Glasgow 9000 net Rs. 9-9-0; 1702 (net) 8-10-0; 9041 (net) Rs. 8-4-0 (net) 30 Rs. 6-2-0L.L. 72 (net); Rs. 5-13-0; L.L. (net) 73 Rs. 6-5-0; 88-888) Rs. 9-9-0.

SUGARS

(Quotation per bag of 2 cwt. ex-sellers' godown)—Java Ready lot Rs. 26-0-9 'Swadeshi' Rs. 19-8-9 to Rs. 20-4-9; British Refined Sugar No Stock; Parry's 'N' No Stock Champarar Indian Sugar Rs. 20-12.

METALS

Yesterday's closing Prices.

(Quotations per candy of 50lb)—Yellow Metal Sheet "Dittman" Rs. 200; Copper Sheet Rs. 247-0-0.

CEMENTS

Gillingham 'Hand' brand Rs. 8-12-0 per cask and Rs. 2-2-0 per bag; 94lb Charminar Shahabad Rs. 2-2-0 per bag; "Nilgiris" brand Coimbatore Cement Rs. 2-2-0 per bag of 1 cwt.

GROUNDNUT KERNELS

(Quotations per candy of 531lb ex coast godowns)—Machined old crop Rs. 31-12 to Rs. 32.

GROUNDNUT OIL

Prodottur Rs. 68-0-0; Expeller Rs. 68-0-0; Castor oil Rs. 74-0-0.

COCOANUT OIL

Colombo Rs. 80-0-0 "Singapore" No stock Trichur Rs. 80-0-0 Gingelly Oil. (Per Tin) Warangal Rs. 6-2-0.

TANNED HIDES

(Quotations per lb).

Tanned Cow Upcountries (8 to 8½lbs) Re. 0-10-9 to Re. 0-11-3.
Tanned Cow Upcountries (7 to 7½lbs to Rs 0-11-0 to Re. 0-11-6.
Tanned Cow Upcountries (5¼ to 5¾lb) Light to Re. 0-13-0 to Re. 0-13-6.
Tanned Cow Bangalores (8-8½) to Re. 0-11-3 to Re. 0-11-9.
Tanned Cow Bangalores (5½ to 5½lb) Re. 0-13-0 to Re. 0-13-9.
Tanned Cow Bezwadas (7-7½lb) Re. 0-10-9 to Re. 0-11-6.
Tanned Cow Bezwadas (6 to 6½lb) Re. 0-10-9 to Re. 0-11-6.
Tanned Cow Vizianagarams (7 to 7½lb) Re. 0-10-9 to Re. 0-11-6.
Tanned Cow Vizianagarams (6 to 6½lb) Re. 0-11-6 to Re. 0-12-3.
Tanned Cow Ellores (7 to 7½lb) Re. 0-10-0 to Re. 0-11-6.
Tanned Cow Ellores (6 to 6½lb) Re. 0-11-6 to Re. 0-12-3.
Tanned Buffalo (10 to 12lb)Re. 0-8-0 to Re 0-8-6.
Tanned Buffalo Hides (Light weights. Re. 0-11-3 to Re. 0-11-9.
Tanned Buff Calf Skins Re. 0-11-6 to) Re. 0-11-10.
Tanned Cow Calf Skin Rs. 1-4-6 to Rs.1-3-0.
Tanned Cow Prices are easier and the market irregular.

A... to gravity)
Temperature o...
Do. of evap...
Percentage of h...
Maximum tempera... shade
Minimum in shade
Do. in grass
Daily velocity o...
Depth of rain in ...
Rain since Januar...
Percentage of clo...
Hours of bright s...
General weather ...

Winds At Differ... Over Ma...

(at 6 hours on 2...

Height.		Direction.	Velo...
Ground		W S W	
1,500	feet	W	
3,000	,,	W N W	
6,000	,,	W S W	
10,000	,,	N	
13,000	,,	W	
20,000	,,	N	

For Ships

Official Barometer Readin... hours Local Time (8 h. 9. m... For correction of instrument... ships in the Madras Harbou...

1-9-'37

Reading at sea level of mercury barometer without index error ... 29·95
Temperature ... 84
Reading of compensated aneroid ...

For comparison ship's instrument ... for height above wate... of-|-0·01" for every 1...

V. NARAYANAMURT...
Asst.-in-cha...

MADRAS TRAIN TIMINGS

M. & S. M. RY. (CENTRA...

	Dep.
Calcutta Mail ..	8-30 p.m.
Grand Trunk Express ..	7-55 a.m.
Waltair Passenger ..	7-30 p.m.
Bombay Mail ..	9-0 p.m.
Bombay Express ..	8-45 a.m.
Raichur Passenger ..	6-30 a.m.
Bangalore Mail ..	9-30 p.m.
Bangalore Express ..	1-0 p.m.
Bangalore Passenger ..	6-30 a.m.
Bangalore Passenger ..	9-40 p.m.
Jalarpet Passenger ..	1-5 p.m.
Malabar Express ..	8-5 p.m.
Blue Mountain Express ..	9-15 p.m.

MADRAS EGMORE STATI...

(S.I.R.)

	Dep.
Indo Ceylon Express ..	8-0 p.m.
Shencottah Passenger ..	7-30
Cuddalore Passenger ..	4-0 p.m.
Trivandrum Fast Passenger ..	9-30 p.m.
Trichy Parcel Passenger ..	10-35 p.m.
Trivandrum Express ..	8-5 p.m.
Dhanuskodi Fast Passenger ..	11-35 a.m.

:(o):

BOMBAY

Bombay, S...

Bullions closed o... sectional holiday.

Call money ½ per cen...

EXCHANGE

Banks selling rate 1... to 1sh. 6-7/64d. Stead... selling D. D. ... to 1sh. 6-7/64d. T... credits 1sh. 6-7/3... T. T. 267-1/2. Sovereign

…WS

…ATURE

86·7
78·9

…UP TIME FOR VEHICLES

…, Sept. 3 6-49 p.m.

…RAS STOCK EXCH… ASSOCIATION:—The …ion will be inaugurated …illiam Wright, M.L.A., …vancore National and … Bank Buildings, (old …n College Buildings) …de, Madras, on Saturday … at 12 noon.

…I MISSION READ…M.—Mr. V. Chakkarai, … on "State and Reli… …he Modern World", …y 6-15 p.m. at the Read…om premises, Broad… Madras. Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri will preside.

CORPORATION OF MADRAS:—The urgent meeting of the Council fixed for Friday the 3rd September 1937 is postponed to Tuesday the 7th September 1937 at 5 p.m. The ordinary meeting of the Council already fixed for that day will commence after the rising of the urgent meeting.

WOMEN'S INDIAN ASSOCIATION.—To meet Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathy, the Deputy Speaker and other women members of the Madras Legislative Assembly and Council, Women's Indian Association, …ll give a Tea Party to-morrow … p.m. at Pantheon Gardens, …theon Road, Egmore, …

…PTION TO BISHOP …YLAPORE:—A reception will be given by the Staff and Students of the San Thome High School, Mylapore, to His Excellency Dom Emmanuel de Medeires Guerreire, Bishop of Mylapore, to-morrow at 4 p.m. in the School Hall, when the enthronement ceremony of the Sacred Heart will also be performed by His Excellency.

DRAMA COMPETITIONS IN NELLORE

Nellore, Sept.

The Director, Academy of Dramatic Act, Nellore, writes:

Under the auspices of the Academy of Dramatic Art, Nellore, competitions in Drama in English and Telugu, open to student Associations of College and High Schools in the Presidency and the States of Mysore and Hyderabad, will be held in Nellore in the end of September 1937 and rolling silver cup will be presented to the winning College and School for each competition. Silver medals and certificates will be awarded to individual actors of merit. Applications with an enterance fee of Rs. 2 for each competition should be sent through the Principal of the College or School so …s to reach the Director by …-9-'37, the latest. The follow… selections are made for …amas:

English:—The "Only One" a one-act play by Gajanan Kath…rdekar, published in the March April issue of the Triveni, 1930.

Telugu:—Select scenes from Sohrab and Rustum, by Mr. Sripada Kameswara Rao of Rajahmundry Act III—Scene 7 and scene 8 till the entrance of Tamina.

There will also be a competition in "Fancy Dress" open to all, irrespective of age and sex. Further particulars can be had on application. All correspon…ence should be addressed to Mr. V. Chendrasekharam, …irector, Academy of Dramatic, …rt, Nellore."

…OTTISH LEAGUE BEAT IRISH

London, Sept. 1.

…ast, the Irish League … Scottish League by … three.—Reuter.

THE RAJAH SAHEB OF BOBBILI

Madras, Sept. 2.

The Rajah Saheb of Bobbili, K.C.I.E., left Madras yesterday night for Bobbili by the Calcutta Mail.

BOARD OF REVENUE

Season Report

Madras, Sept. 2.

Following is the abstract of the season report of the Board of Revenue, Madras, for the week ending 28th August, 1937:—

Rainfall moderate in the Circars (Guntur excepted) South Arcot, Trichinopoly and Tanjore; fair in North Arcot, Salem, Madura, Ramnad and the Nilgiris; light or nil elsewhere. Water supply normal except in parts of Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevelly and Malabar.

Transplanting or sowing of paddy in parts of Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Guntur, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Tanjore and the Nilgiris and sowing of dry crops in parts of Nellore, Coimbatore and Madura proceeding. Standing crops generally fair except in parts of Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur. Harvest of cholam in parts of Coimbatore and Madura, of ragi in parts of Vizagapatam and Coimbatore, of groundnut in parts of Coimbatore, Tanjore and Madura and of gingelly in parts of Coimbatore and Madura proceeding; outturn generally fair.

Condition of cattle generally good except in parts of Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder generally sufficient except in parts of East Godavari and Bellary. Employment generally available. Prices generally stationary.

HINDI PROTEST MEETING

A public meeting will be held on Sunday, September 5, 1937 at 5-30 p.m. at the Victoria Public Hall to protest against the introduction of Hindi in Schools. Mr. S. Somasundara Bharati, M.A., B.L., will preside. Rao Sahib T. V. Umamahesvaram Pillai, B.A., B.L., Mr. E.V. Ramaswami, Mr. C. N. Annadurai M.A., and others will speak.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Election Of Members To The House Committee

Madras, Sept. 1.

The President of the Madras Legislative Council announced in the Council that the following have been declared elected by the Council to the respective bodies:—

House Committee:—Messrs. M. Ramakrishna Reddi, J. A. Saldhana, S. A. S. Rm. Ramanathan Chettiar, K. P. Mallikarjanudu, R. Srinivasa Iyengar and M. Narayana Menon.

Mrs. Hensman and Mr. T. M. Moidoo have been nominated by the President to that Committee.

Annamalai University Senate: Messrs. R. Srinivasa Iyengar and A. Rangaswami Iyengar.

M. & S. M. Ry. Advisory Committee:—Mr. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu.

:(o):

Lakshmipuram Hindi Class

The Organiser, D. B. Hindi Prachar Sabha, Madras, writes:- A new Hindi class for beginners is proposed to be opened at the premises of the Lakshmipuram Association early next week. Those who are desirous of joining the class are requested to give their names to Mr. R. Gopalakrishna, Singara Vilas, Lloyd's Road, Royapettah, before the 7th inst.

WHY WAS NOT "VIDUTHALAI" SECURITY REFUNDED?

:o:

Prime Minister's Reply To Question In Local Assembly

:(o):

DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES ACT: RULE 61 OF SCHEDULE IV AMENDED

Madras, Sept. 2.

The Madras Legislative Assembly reassembled to-day an hour earlier than usual i.e. at 10 a.m., and the house was thin at the start.

After prayer, interpellations were taken up. They were 28 in number Mr. B. Bhaktavatsalu Naidu being responsible for no less than 17.

When Mr. K. V. Narayana Rao asked a question concerning education, the Hon. the Minister for Education was not in his seat and later when another similar question was asked, the Minister was still absent and the Prime Minister, interrupting, said that he was sorry that the Education Minister was not present and he was not informed why he was absent. He requested, therefore, that all questions relating to education might be passed over. The Education Minister later on turned up and answered the questions.

One of the questions related to the security taken from "Viduthalai". Mr. B. Bakthavatsalu Naidu asked a question whether the security had been forfeited to the Government and whether it had not yet been refunded to the paper and if so, why?

The Hon. the Prime Minister said that the security had not been forfeited. He added that a security of Rs. 1,000 was demanded from "Viduthalai" by the District Magistrate under Section 71 of the Indian Press Act and the amount was deposited on July 16. 1937. Under Section 72 of the said Act, the amount should, on application by the publisher, be refunded after three months if no order of forfeiture was made by the Government under Sec. 8 before the expiry of the period. The Government have held that the general power vested in all provincial subjects cannot be invoked so as to interfere with the orders under the special statute of the Magistrates. Government could not therefore interfere in this case. They had, however, referred that matter for further legal advice. The question had been examined, and further legal opinion had been received confirming the original opinion.

Services And Salary Cuts

Mr. B. Bhakthavatsalu Naidu asked (a) whether it is a fact that the pay of the subordinate services was reduced during 1933; (b) whether the Government propose to effect any reduction, temporary or permanent, in the pay of these services again and (c) if the answer to clause (b) is in the affirmative. whether action will be taken only after investigation by an impartial tribunal?

The Prime Minister replied in the affirmative to question (a). In reply to the other two questions, he said that the Government had not yet formulated any proposals on those lines, though they were considering them. If any action was taken, it would only be after an impartial investigation. Government could not undertake to submit their proposals to any tribunal.

RESERVED FOREST IN CHITTOOR DISTRICT

Interpellations In Madras Legislative Council

Madras, Sept. 2.

The following are the interpellations of Rao Bahadur M. Ramakrishna Reddi and answers given yesterday at the Madras Legislative Council:—

Will the Hon. the Minister for Agriculture and Rural Development be pleased to state—(a) whether it is a fact that the fees for grazing of cattle in reserved forest in Chittoor district were raised from 3 annas to 6 annas and if so, in what year and for what reasons; and (b) whether the Government have refused permission to the ryots for the removal of dry fuel from the reserved forest and whether the Government have received representations from the villagers against the raising of the rates of grazing fees and about the dry fuel and if so, what action has been taken thereon?

The Minister replied.—(a) The rate of 8 annas per cow unit in force prior to 1924 was reduced to 3 annas a cow unit on the recommendations of the Chittoor Forest Committee. The anticipation of the committee that the reduction would lead to a large number of permits being taken was not realized. In view of the large fall in income and of the difficulty experienced by the forest panchayats in paying their way with a grazing rate of 3 annas, the rates had to be raised to 6 annas with effect from 1st July 1925.

(b) No representations were received with regard to the removal of dry fuel. The removal of the dry wood in reserved forest is however not permissible. A petition was received in 1926 from the ryots of Peddur village in the Palmaner range asking for a reduction in the grazing fees. This request was not granted.

Working Plans

Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture and Rural development be pleased to state—

(a) for how long the "Working plan branch" of the Forest department will be continued;

(b) what is the annual cost of establishment of the "Working plan branch";

(c) what the nature of work turned out by this branch till now is; and

(d) whether it is a fact tha tthe Government have already started the revision of 'Wynad' division working plan?

(a) According to the programme drawn up by the Chief Conservator of Forests and approved by the Government the preparation of working plans for all reserved forests will probably be completed in July 1939. The working plan circle will, however, be continued even after that date for work in connexion with the revision of working plans, etc., though with a reduced staff.

(b) The annual cost of establishment is given in the administration report of the Forest department. The cost in 1935-36 was Rs. 2,65,127.

(c) The working plan circle is engaged in the preparation of new working plans or the revision of working plans in the various divisions.

	Sq. miles.
(1) The total area of reserved forests at the end of 31st March, 1936.	19,017
(2) Area of reserved forests for which working plans existed in 1925-26 when the circle was formed ...	5,801
(3) Area of reserved forests for which working plans have been revised or newly prepared on 31st March 1936 ...	12,343

(d) Yes.

Irrigation Projects

Will the Hon. the Minister for Public Works be pleased to state—

(a) if any investigation of possible irrigation projects was ever made in the district of Chittoor;

(b) whether he will place the connected report, if any, on the table; and

(c) if the Government have in view the construction of any irrigation project in the near future with a view to improve the irrigation facilities in Chittoor district?

A.—(a) & (b) Yes. The restoration of the Beerappa cheruvu of Airala village in Chittoor taluk has been sanctioned as a famine relief work. The restoration of the Venkatanarayana cheruvu in Vayalpad taluk was considered and dropped because of the scarcity of local labour, the situation of the tank in an out-of-the-way place, and the ryots' apathy in the matter. The reports regarding the Beerappa cheruvu will be sent to the Hon. Member for perusal if required. The reports regarding Venkatanarayana cheruvu are not available with Government as the scheme was ordered to be dropped by the Chief Engineer on the recommendation of the Superintending Engineer and the Collector. (c) No.

DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES ACT

A Rule Amended

The Hon. Minister for Local Administration proposed an amendment to rule 61 of Schedule IV of the District Municipalities Act, 1920.

Sub-clause (a) of the rule refers to the provision for any person aggrieved by the levy of any disallowances, surcharge or any other charge might file a suit in a Civil Court for redress.

The amendment proposed to add at the end of clause (a) the following words:—

The Auditor shall be the sole respondent thereto and the applicant shall not be entitled to make either the provincial Government or any other person a party to the proceedings.

In moving the amendment, the Hon'ble the Minister said that it was made on the recommendation of the High Court in a case that came before it from the Anantapur District in which the Collector had been made a respondent. He added that a provision similar to that proposed in the amendment existed in the Local Boards Act in Sec. 199. The object of the amendment was to make the Examiner of the Local Boards Accounts solely responsible for suits against surcharge, etc.

The amendment was carried without discussion.

The Assembly was then adjourned to meet again to-morrow at 10 a.m.

ENGLISH VISITORS IN BAD NAUHEIM

London, (By Air Mail).

Sir Robert and Lady Kindersley are among the visitors to Bad Nauheim, the famous German spa.

:(o):

Gloucestershire Regiment Proceed To Wellington

Madras, Sept. 2.

A special train conveying the first battalion of the Gloucestershire Regiment which is transferred to Wellington left Madras last evening for Wellington.

British India Ste… Navigation Co., L…

(Incorporated in England)

All vessels may call at any ports on or off en route, and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

P. & O. AND B. I. JOINT SERVICE

MADRAS TO MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Mashobra	leave	about	7th Sept.
Lahore †	,,	,,	21st Sept.
Mulbera *	,,	,,	4th Oct
Nagpore †	,,	,,	19th Oct.
Domala	,,	,,	2nd Nov.
Nirpurat†	,,	,,	16th Nov.
Modasa	,,	,,	30th Nov.
Dumana	,,	,,	14th Dec.

***Calls Cochin For Passengers only**

† Cargo steamers.

N.B.—The 'D' and 'M' Class steamers carry cabin class passengers at specially reduced rates.

MADRAS TO AUSTRALIA via CALCUTTA

18th Sept. ...*Masula* ... 7,326

BOMBAY & KARACHI

(Taking Cargo for East African and Persian Gulf Ports).

8th Sept. ...*Gurna*† ... 5,248

† via Galle and Bhavnagar.

MADRAS TO CALCUTTA

2nd Sept.	...*Lahore*	... 5,304
11th Sept.	...*Mulbera*	... 9,100
12th Sept.	...*Goalpara*†	... 5,314
16th Sept.	...*Hatipara*†	... 7,764

† Via Corandel ports.

MADRAS TO RANGOON

(*Sailing at 10 a. m.*)

3rd Sept.	...*Ethiopia*	... 5,574
10th Sept.	...*Erinpura*	... 5,143

MADRAS TO STRAITS via NEGAPATAM

(*Sailing at 5 p. m.*)

(*Taking Cargo for Australia and The Far East via Singapore*)

Leave Madras	Leave Negapatam		
7th Sept.	11th Sept.	*Rajula*	... 8,478
21st Sept.	25th Sept.	*Rohna*	... 8,602

N.B. Passengers to the Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States must be in possession of Vaccination Certificates issued not less than 12 days and not more than 3 years before date of sailing.

NOTICE.

Friends of passengers wishing to go on board the Company's vessels must first obtain passes from the undersigned.

For Terms, Rates of Freight and passages apply to:

BINNY & CO., (Madras) Ltd.,
(1) Agents, Madras.

C ty Cinema Guide

Madras, Sep. 2.

The following are the shows at City Cinema theatres from to-day:

ROXY.—"Let them Live", John Howard and Nan Grey.

WELLINGTON. — "Borderland." William Boyd and Jimmy Ellism.

NEW ELPHINSTONE.—"Sabotage", Sylvia Sidney.

MINERVA. — "Broadway Melody of 1936", Robert Taylor and Eleaner Powell.

BROADWAY.—"Beyond the Horizon", Shanta Apte and Leela Chitnis.—Prabhat picture.

KINEMA.—"Chintamani" Tamil, K. Aswathamma, 25th week.

SARASWATHI. — "Daulat", Urdu, Chandra Rao Kadam.

STAR.—"President", New Theatres' masterpiece picture, Saigal and Kamaleshkumari. 4th week.

PARAGON.—"Balamani" or Pakkathirudan", Tamil, 2nd week.

CROWN.—"Mr. Ammanji", S. D. Subbulakshmi, "Kausalya Parinayam" and Nathaswaram, 2nd week.

GAIETY.—"Mohini Rukmangada", Telugu, Gaggiah and Ramathilakam, 3rd week.

SELECT.—"Jagirdar", Hindi, Surendranath and Bibbo, 2nd week.

NOTICE

ALL COMMUNICATIONS, ARTICLES, ETC., INTENDED FOR PUBLICATION SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE EDITOR AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS ASPECT OF THE PAPER, AS SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS, ETC., SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE HONY. SECRETARY, JUSTICE.

14, Mount Road, Madras.

Telegrams "Justice".

Telephone No. 8195.

Post Box No. 362.

Justice

THURSDAY, SEPT. 2, 1937

AN APOLOGY

WE DEEPLY REGRET THE fact that on Tuesday last, August 31st 1937, an abusive and totally unwarranted personal attack on His Excellency the Governor of Madras appeared in this column.

We desire to withdraw unreservedly all the imputations therein contained and we tender our most sincere apologies to His Excellency for the subject-matter of our leading article on that date.

———:(o):———

SECOND THOUGHTS ON THE BUDGET

WE REFERRED TO TWO OF the important features of the Budget yesterday—the salary "cut" and the grant of Rs. 2 lakhs to the Congress movement of hand-spinning. There are other features of the Congress Party's Budget which deserve the close attention of the electorate, which has been expecting big things from the Party which it has returned in large numbers. The question of land revenue remission is most important, but the Congress Ministry is not in a position to afford any measure of relief. It may be recalled that land revenue reduction was a major plank in the election programme of the Congress, and there were some Congressmen who even went to the extent of promising that land tax would be abolished altogether if the Congress Party came to power. Voters in rural parts believed, and believing, voted for the Congress. But now the Congress Ministry has said it cannot do anything further than what the previous Ministry has already done. The Premier and Finance Minister has asked the people "to exercise a little patience." Why? Because if adequate land revenue remission is given, the Budget will be dislocated! But when a similar explanation was offered by the Justice Ministry, it was condemned by Congressmen as unsympathetic to the ryots and unresponsive to the demands of the people.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar says, "the grant of relief on a scale which would be of material assistance to the individual small ryot would involve such a dislocation of the Budget of the Province that not even a beginning could be made with other ameliorative measures and reforms for the well-being of the masses which, in the opinion of the Government, are of great and urgent importance, and which it would not be right thus for the Government to disable itself from undertaking."

But Congress leaders have been saying that there is no problem more important, no ameliorative measure or reform more imperative and urgent, than reduction of land revenue. But what has been done—and that by a previous Ministry—is only remission of land revenue, and even that not as adequate as the situation demanded. The question that the Congress Ministry should have seriously considered was whether it was necessary to deny the ryots the much-needed reduction or remission of land revenue, because it wanted to make "a beginning" with "other ameliorative measures and reforms," which are stated to be of "great and urgent importance." The Congress Ministry deserves to be reminded that there is no greater and more urgent reform than land revenue reform. All other reforms can wait, and take their time, but this one has to be tackled immediately.

The Ministry, however, attached more importance to certain spectacular things. We pointed out the unwisdom of giving Rs. 2 lakhs to the hand-spinning movement. That amount could have been better utilised to give some more relief to the ryots, and the amount of Rs. 26 lakhs lost to the Government on account of the prohibition experiment in Salem District might have been used to relieve the land revenue burden weighing on the ryots, like the Old Man of the Sea on Sindbad the Sailor. A little more relief would have been welcomed with gladness by the suffering ryots. The previous Ministry gave a remission of Rs. 75 lakhs; the Congress Ministry could have postponed prohibition and hand-spinning experiments, and given the amount saved thereby, namely, Rs. 28 lakhs, to the ryots. Thus the burden on the ryots could have been lessened by a crore and three lakhs of rupees in all. If the Congress Ministry had only thought more of the ryots and less of party organisation and experiments, it could have earned the gratitude of the toiling masses by supplementing substantially the relief that was already given.

———:(o):———

Rip Van Winkle

"WE HAVE INDEED A GREAT reputation to maintain" as regards "good administration and efficient working of parliamentary institutions," said H. E. the Governor of Madras in his address to the joint session of the Legislature. By that he referred to the successful working of Dyarchy in Madras, testimony to which was borne by successive Governors and a Secretary of State for India. It was during the dyarchic regime that the foundations of a well-defined party system were laid, that the Legislature was worked on the model of the British Parliament, that healthy and sound conventions were built which are necessary for the success of democratic institutions. But our contemporary, "The Hindu", which is usually well-informed on such topics, believes that His Excellency was referring to the Minto-Morley Reforms period! It is in that belief it says: "Madras deservedly won for herself in the past a reputation for good administration; it was very nearly lost during the dyarchic regime. If it is to be resurrected and maintained, it should be securely grounded in the efficient working of parliamentary institutions." If our contemporary had read His Excellency's speech with greater attention than it seems to have done, it would have found that His Excellency's reference to the responsibility of the present Government to maintain the "great reputation" of the past in regard to "good administration and the efficient working of parliamentary institutions" was to the dyarchic regime, not to the days previous to 1919. But our contemporary, is evidently living in the days of old: it seems to have forgotten to march with the times.

WISE SAYINGS

Wit like every other power, has its boundaries. Its success depends on the aptitude of others to receive impressions; and that as some bodies, indissoluble by heat, can set the furnace and crucible at defiance, there are minds upon which the rays of fancy may be pointed without effect, and which no fire of sentiment can agitate or exalt—Dr. Samuel Johnson.

• • •

After friendship it is confidence, before friendship it is judgment.—Seneca.

The secret of our existence is the connection between our sins and our sufferings.—J. G. Holland.

The fruits of labour are sweeter than the gifts of fortune.

• • •

Leisure is time for doing something useful.

• • •

So live, that when they summons come to join.
The innumerable caravan, which moves.
To that mysterious realm, where each shall take
His chamber in the silent halls of death.
Thou go not, like the quarry-slave at night,
Scourged to his dungeon, but sustained and soothed
By an unfaltering trust, approach thy grave
Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams.—W. C. Bryant.

JAPAN'S BIG OFFENSIVE ON ALL FRONTS

———:(o):———

Bombings Exceptionally Severe

———(:o:)———

CHINESE DENY SECRET CLAUSES IN PACT

(Reuter's Cable)

Shangai, Sept. 1.

The setting for Japan's prospective big push on all fronts in the Shanghai and Woosung area is being completed. To-day's fighting, though severe, is regarded only as a curtain raiser. The positions are apparently unchanged, although the Japanese bombings are exceptionally severe. Seven bombs fell within 100 to 300 yards of the outpost held by a party of the Royal Welch Fusiliers on the western outskirts of Shanghai.

The Chinese officially deny that the Japanese have captured Paoshan.

Chinese Denial

Nanking, Sept. 1.

The spokesman of the Foreign Office denies the alleged secret clauses of the Sino-Soviet Pact. He characterises the "Le Jour" story as pure fabrication, circulated to suit the purpose of those forces working for a general war in Europe.

3 Chinese Planes Shot Down

Tokio, Sept. 1.

The Japanese lost one plane in yesterday's air-raids on Canton, but shot down three Chinese planes, states an Admiralty Communique.

Extension Of Japanese Operations

Shanghai, Sept. 1.

It is officially announced that the Japanese navy are extending their operations on China coast and will air raid all Chinese aerodromes and military establishments.

The Japanese navy announcement adds that the navy might resort to "effective and suitable measures to prevent the importation of munitions into China". The Japanese blockade at present does not apply to ships of third parties, although they may be inspected by the Japanese naval officers in order to ascertain their true nationality.

Hurricane In Hongkong

Honkong, Sept. 1

A hurricane struck Honokong at 02-00 hours. It is feared that considerable damage has been caused to the harbour which is now crowded with shipping, including liners and steamers sheltering in Hongkong owing to the Japanese blockade.

Settlement Used By The Japanese

Shanghai, Sept. 1.

Eight Japanese transports, laden with reinforcements, tanks and artillery, have arrived at Woosung following its capture yesterday. The Chinese quarters regard the disembarkation of the Japanese troops in the eastern district of the International Settlement—officially admitted by the Japanese—as a confession of poor success attending the previous landing operations along the Liuho-Woosung coast line and assert that the presence of Japanese troops is the final confirmation of the Japanese using the Settlement as a base of operations.

General Fengyuh Siang told the interviewers that the Chinese would fight to the bitter end for the sake of world peace and China's own existence.

Japanese Planning A Rush

Peiping, Sept. 1.

The Japanese forces in Chahar are planning a big rush either south-westward into the Shansi Province, across the mountains, or westward into Suiyuan, according to Lieut.-Gen. Itagaki, Commander of the Japanese troops, who has captured the Nankow Pass. Interviewed, Lieut.-Gen. Itagaki admitted that the conquest of Shansi, as far as the Yellow River, has attracted the Japanese military authorities but for strategical reasons, they might decide on Suiyuan. The Japanese are now in control of the Peiping-Kalgan railway. Engineers are busy clearing the long tunnel under the Great Wall at the head of the Nankow Pass where the retreating Chinese blew up eight locomotives. The Japanese military headquarters at Tientsin has issued a proclamation threatening that spies and others guilty of "treacherous actions" against the Japanese army with drastic punishment adding that even the neutrals cannot be guaranteed freedom of action and will be dealt in accordance with international law.

Attempt To Scatter Chinese Troops

Shanghai, Sept. 1.

The Japanese in the morning, began a sledge-hammer attempt to scatter the Chinese troops' concentrations west-ward of north station and the Kiangwan sector while 'planes bombed the Chinese lines and the Japanese warships and artillery ashore pounded them with high explosives.

Hampered by lack of anti-aircraft guns the Chinese replied to the bombing with machine-guns, while the Chinese artillery replied by land and sea bombardment. The Japanese apparently are attempting to drive north ward with the object of isolating the Chinese forces in the Kiangwan and Woosung area.

All British troops will be inoculated immediately owing to the outbreak of cholera in the French Concession where five cases are reported. This is the first outbreak in four years and is believed to be due to the insanitary conditions under which the refugees are living.

Ambassador's Improvement

(British Official Wireless)

Rugby, Sept. 1.

According to latest messages received in London, the British ambassadar to China, Sir H. Knatchbull-Hugessen, continues to make steady progress.

UNIFICATION OF TEXTILE TERMS

(British Official Wireless)

Rugby, Sept. 1.

An interesting and important scheme for authoritative definition of textile terms and for unification on scientific basis of testing methods, is now under the consideration of about 200 trade organisations, covering every branch of textile industries. A draft scheme has been prepared by the textile institute in consultation with the British standards institution and aims at equiping the textile industry with standards such as had already been established with success for building, engineering and chemical industries.

EARL HAIG'S FUND

(British Official Wireless).

Rugby, Sept. 1.

A record sum of £544,301 was raised by the sale of poppies on behalf of Earl Haig's Fund on Armistice Day last November.

DIS... TIONS ...

4 ARABS AND 3 JE...

(Reuter's Cable)

Jerusalem ...

Renewed feeling of ... ty has been produced in ... tine by the killing of fo... and three Jews. Fo... casualties to-day o... northern Palestine. ... authorities do not ... necessity for ap... precautionary police ... standby is being ...

The Jewish Nationa... has issued a manifest... the Palestine Jewry to ... restraint and maintain national discipline. The Arab Higher Committee issued a similar appeal to the Arabs yesterday.

MONKEY WITH "OCCULT" POWERS

Successfully Resists All Efforts Of Capture

(Associated Press)

New Delhi, Aug. 29.

A monkey is reported to ha... established itself as a terror fo... the residents of Paharganj, a locality on the border of the two Delhis. The animal, which ... credited with "occult" powe... stated to have attacked ... seriously injured one wom... one child. In keeping ... of the attributes of "o... the monkey starts its n... activities after nightfall. It is stated to have hitherto successfully resisted the combined efforts of the panic-stricken people of the locality to kill or capture it alive. Bazaar rumour has it that the animal "mysteriously" disappears when pursued.

The police categorically repudiate even the existence of such a "mysterious" being, but persistent rumours to the contrary continue.

RAJSHAHI GOVT COLLEGE ORDERED TO BE CLOSED

Students To Be Assisted To Migrate To Other Colleges

(Associated Press)

Rajshahi, Sept. 1.

Following the incidents at the Rajshahi Government College, the Government are understood to have ordered the closing of the college until further orders. The Governing body met this evening, the District Magistrate presiding, and discussed the situation and adjourned for further discussion.

It is understood that students will be assisted to migrate to other colleges. The permanent teaching staff have bee... transferred and tempor... staff discharged, the ... lege remaining closed ... long time to allow the situation to return to the normal.

BREACH ON RAIWALA-RIKHIKESH RY. LINE

Repairs Delayed

(Associated Press)

Moradabad, Sept. 1.

The Divisional Superintendent ... E.I. Railway, wires as follows:—

Repair operations to th... breach on the Raiwala—Rikh... kesh branch at the Song riv... bridge, reported on August ... are being delayed ... to the frequent and sud... rise of water in the Song ri... The branch is likely to re... out of commission longer ... expected. Provided the ... remains fair and th... rises in the river do ... the progress of w... expected that thro... cation over the b... restored in about ...

ATTLESHIP ATTACKED ...NKNOWN SUBMARINE

:(o):

Indignation In Britain

RUSSIA TO TAKE ACTION FOR THE TORPEDOING OF HER SHIP

(Reuter's Cable)

London, Sept. 1.

... Majesty's destroyer ..." was attacked last ... an unknown submarine ... Sanatonio on the South ...st of Spain, but was not ...

...royers "Hyperion" and ...y" left Gibraltar at full ... to the neighbourhood im... ...iately news of the attack was received.

Admiralty Statement

An Admiralty statement says that after "Havock" was attacked by a submarine, she counter-attacked by depth charges "in accordance with instructions already issued to the fleet. The result of the counter-attack is not known."

The Admiralty officials are at present dealing with all questions associated with the attack and keeping the Foreign Office informed.

Authorities more particularly are awaiting news of the identity of the submarine.

Search For The Submarine

Gibraltar, Sept. 1.

...oyers "Hereward" and ... with "Royal Sove... Hardy" and other British ...rships are in search between Alicante and Valencia for the submarine which attacked "Havock".

Mediterranean Situation

Mr. Eden will consult some of his Cabinet colleagues in Downing Street to-morrow with regard to the Mediterranean situation. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, who is returning to London from Scotland is expected to be present.

News of the attack on "Havock" will greatly increase the growing indignation expressed in Britain in regard to the recent incident in the Mediterranean, where trade routes have been threatened by air and war vessels, whose crews have indulged in indiscriminate bombing, machine-gunning and torpedoing injuring men, sinking, burning and disabling ships of several nationalities.

It is further stated that the Government had issued instructions through the Admiralty that if any British merchantship was attacked by a submarine without warning, His Majesty's ships were authorised to counter-attack the submarine. Hitherto there has been no attack by a submarine upon a British warship and the very gravest view of the incident wherein "Havock" was involved, is taken in official quarters.

Submarine Not Found

Rugby, Sept. 1.

This evening the admiralty made the following statement :—

It has proved impossible to ascertain whether the counter-attack was successful. No submarine which could be identified with Havock's assailant has been discovered. Apart from the foregoing, it is most unlikely that any further information will be available.

Russia To Take Action

Moscow, Sept. 1.

Announcing the torpedoing of "Timityarzev," the official Tass Agency says that the Soviet Government is "investigating all the circumstances of this heinous crime in view of taking the necessary decision."

Insurgent Advance

Paris, Sept. 1.

The insurgent advance guards have entered the Asturias Province, this morning, according to a despatch from Santander.

MARKETING OF GHEE

Informal Conference Of Interests Concerned Called

Simla, Sept. 2.

The following Press Note has been issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research Department :—

The Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India has called an informal con...rence of interests concerned in ... production and marketing of ... to be held at Simla on 3rd ...h September, 1937. Trade ...entatives are being called ...m the Punjab, Delhi Pro...ce, United Provinces, Bihar ...rissa, Bengal, Madras, Central Provinces, Bombay and Gujerat, and from Hyderabad, Kathiawar, and Rajputana States. Certain officials and experts, as well as a representative ... the Army Contracts Department, are also to attend.

The object of the meeting is to ...scuss and formulate methods ... improving pure ghee trade in ...ia, the annual production of ...h according to the Market... Adviser is about 200 lakhs ...ds, which valued at a flat ...f Rs. 40 per maund amounts ...m of Rs. 80 crores. The ...ence will also investigate ...possibilities of defining ...s of quality for grading ...ng of pure ghee under ...ural Produce (Grad...ng) Act, 1937, and ... as a result of the ...xperimental ghee ...would be established, at a suitable centre early this cold weather.

The idea behind the grading scheme is to help the trade to put on the market guaranteed genuine ghee, in sealed containers of suitable sizes. This should satisfy a long felt want and to some extent help to solve the problem of adulteration.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING

Girl's Story Before Court

(Associated Press)

Hyderabad (Dn.) By Mail.

The alleged kidnapping of a Roman Catholic girl of Belgaum, stated to be the daughter of a Deputy Collector, and her conversion to the Arya Samaj-fold and subsequent marriage to a motor driver, are being investigated by the Gulbarga Police who have arrested the driver and rescued the girl.

In a statement before the Court the girl is reported to have mentioned the names of certain prominent local persons as being responsible for her kidnapping and subsequent conversion and marriage. She is also stated to have said that she had been robbed of gold and money to the extent of Rs. 2,000 by her kidnappers who threatened to kill her if she attempted to communicate with either her parents or relatives. She was, on the other hand, forced to write a statement that she had voluntarily embraced Arya Samaj and contracted the subsequent marriage.

WALK-OUT IN N.-W. F. ASSEMBLY

OBJECTION TO BUDGET SPEECH

Dr. Khan Sahib's Statement

(Associated Press)

Abbottabad, Sept. 1.

The Frontier Assembly granted leave to Dr. Khan Sahib, Leader of the Congress Party, to move a no-confidence motion against the Ministry, as his supporters numbered 27 in a house of 50, and the Speaker fixed 3 p.m. on Setember 3 for the discussion of the motion.

The Speaker next called upon Mr. Meherchand Khanna to present the budget.

An objection was raised on the plea that there was no use wasting the time of the House.

The Speaker Makil Khudabadhsh did not uphold the objection, whereupon Dr. Khan Sahib with his supporters left the House.

The budget speech, however, was delivered.

Dr. Khan Sahib has issued the following statement :—

When leave for moving a no-confidence against the Council of Ministers was asked by me, 27 members out of a total of 48, excluding the speaker rose in support of it. Accordingly, permission was granted under Rule 43 (2) and September 3 was fixed for the consideration of the motion. In view of this clear indication of the will of the house against the present ministry it was considered a sheer waste of time to listen to the budget speech of the Finance Minister. Therefore, after a brief explanation of the situation, I informed the Speaker that the opposition would withdraw from the house for the day, after which 27 members withdrew consisting of 19 congressmen, two democrats, two Independents and two members of the Hindu Sikh Nationalist Party who recently resigned, namely, Rai Sahib Paramanand and Rai Bahadur Chimanlal.

Enquiries show that so far democrats and other supporters of the Congress Party have signed the Congress pledge. Dr. Khan Sahib held important consultations with Babu Rajendra Prasad and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, but no definite information is available at present regarding the opposition plans for forming a new ministry. It is, however, believed that the Democratic Party's nominee will be included in the Cabinet, whatever be the complexion of the Ministry.

TREATMENT OF CANCER

Rangoon Turf Club's Gift Of Rs. 35,000 To General Hospital

(Associated Press)

Rangoon, (By Air Mail)

The Rangoon Turf Club has donated Rs. 35,000 for the purchase of a supply of Radium to be stored in the Rangoon General Hospital for treatment of cancer.

His Excellency the Governor and his Ministers in an official notification desire to acknowledge this generous gift of the Turf Club.

HISTORICAL RECORDS COMMISSION

Session At Lahore In December

Simla, Sept. 1.

A Press Note says:—

The fourteenth annual session of the Indian Historical Records Commission will be held at Lahore on the 16th and 17th of December, 1937. His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab has kindly consented to open the proceedings.

It may be recalled that the Commission met last at Patna in December, 1930, and that since then, because of financial stringency, its annual sessions were held in abeyance.

INSURANCE BILL IN THE ASSEMBLY

PLEA FOR PROTECTION OF SMALLER INSURERS

Reduction Of Deposits Urged

(Associated Press)

Simla Sep. 1.

The Legislative Assembly to-day, resumed its discussion on the Insurance Bill.

Dr. Bannerjee, continuing his speech urged that the powers of the Superintendent should not exceed what was absolutely necessary to carry out the duties. The speaker would prefer the appointment of a Board composed of representatives of different interests concerned, Government officer being an ex-officio member. This Board should help and advise the Superintendent. The first object of a legislation of this kind should be to safeguard the interests of policy-holders, but, consistently with this, the next object should be to encourage indigenous enterprise and help in particular small insurers who needed help most.

Mr. Mathradas Visanji made an appreciative reference to the Law Member's work in bringing the Companies Bill and the present Bill, and expressed the hope that he would add a third feather to his cap by bringing banking legislation also. He wished to know whether the underwriters, who undertook the insurance of small crafts playing in coastal waters. were intended to be brought within the scope of the bill.

The Law Member replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Visanji argued that that would be a great hardship to them, particularly the provision relating to deposits working capital.

The Law Member, interrputing, again stated that, according to the representation received from this class of insurers, it was clear that they were doing business for one crore of rupees. The Bill, therefore, was not likely to cause hardship in their case.

Mr. Visanji, proceeding, referred to the disparaging remarks made by the Law Member and others on the Bombay big business, and declared that the Bombay's position was attained as a result of pioneering work and venturesomeness. Bombay certainly did not grudge prosperity and success of other provinces. As for Bombay making a big noise, the speaker asserted that the ears of the Government of India could not be reached by any other means.

Mr. Visanji thought that the provision allowing seven years for the life of companies against two given to general companies was bound to cause hardship to the general companies which were few in number.

Appointment Of Superintendent

Mr. Mangal Singh said that, by passing the Bill Mr. N. N. Sircar had tucked feather to his cap and if the Insurance Bill was passed he would add another to his cap. but if he would pilot the Banking Bill he would have a whole peacock on his head. (Laughter).

He welcomed the bill as it would put insurance business in India on sound lines. The appointment of a Superintendent of Insurance was the pivot of the scheme of the bill and he hoped that only an Indian superintendent would be appointed.

The house should see that the provisions of the bill are so amended as to facilitate the working of weaker insurance companies and give more representation to policy-holders on the Board of Directors. He urged the limitation of payment of commission by companies and the protection of the interests of Insurance companies employees and particularly their trade unions should be recognised.

Embarrassing

Mr. D. N. Chaudhry (Assam) thought that the bill, as emerged from the Select Committee was embarrassing. He felt inclined to move that the Bill be dropped. He pleaded for reducing the depost from Rs. 2 lakhs to Rs. 25,000.

Mr. Abdul Rasheed Chaudhry declared that the Government of India had been guilty of so many sins of omission and commission in the past that anything brought by them was suspected. In this instance the suspicion was that the Government was determined not to allow the spread of insurance companies. He also expressed opposition to the deposit in the initial stage.

Mr. Badridati Pande caused much laughter when, professing to make an "unconstitutional and unconventional" speech on behalf of villagers, he said that the bill seemed to him to be an illegitimate child of the mighty Sircar and Dame Sen (laughter). It had been claimed to be the legitimate child, but it had Canadian, Irish, American and the United Kingdom blood, but very little Indian or Bengali blood. (Renewed Laughter). He wanted young India and young companies to prosper. The Congress stood for the underdog. He pleaded that bonuses should be given to the lower staff of insurance companies and not only to shareholders and policy-holders.

Mr. Sant Singh objected to the definition "Indian insurance" companies which, he thought, was calculated to give little protection to Indian companies competing with British concerns.

He wanted the definition to be redrafted. He advocated certain percentage of insurance companies funds being utilised for starting industries in India. He urged the protection of employees of insurance companies. Further debate was adjourned till Monday. The house adjourned till to-morrow.

Thursday and Friday will be devoted to non-official business.

Negotiations With Princes

MR. SATYAMURTHI'S ADJOURNMENT MOTION DISALLOWED

(Associated Press)

Simla, Sept. 1.

The Governor-General has disallowed Mr. Satyamurthi's adjournment motion regarding Federation on the ground that it could not be moved without detriment to public interests.

The Leader of the House not objecting, the President fixed four this afternoon for the discussion of the motion regarding the negotiations between the Government of India and Indian Princes with a view to the latter's accession to the Federation. The motion is based on the replies given by Sir N. N. Sircar yesterday expressing his inability to state whether the Assembly would be consulted before final decision was reached in the matter.

THREE GOVERNORS TO VISIT SIMLA

Lord Brabourne, Sir H. Gowan And Sir John Anderson

(Associated Press)

Simla, Sept. 1.

It is understood that three Governors are expected to visit Simla in the immediate future. Lord Brabourne is paying a brief farewell visit to His Excellency the Viceroy at the end of this week.

Sir Hyde Gowan, whose first visit this will be during the present viceroyalty, arrives at the beginning of the next week.

Sir John Anderson is paying a farewell visit in the middle of September.

FRONTIER PROVI... BUDGET

DEFICIT TO BE MET FROM OPENING BALANCE

Finance Minister Outlines Policy

(Associated Press)

Abbottabad, Sept. 1.

In presenting the budget in the Frontier Assembly, Mr. Mehrchand Khanna, Finance Minister, anticipated receipts of Rs. 179·69 lakhs and expenditure of Rs. 185·31 lakhs meeting the deficit from the opening balance of Rs. 7·61 lakhs which at the close of the year will be reduced to Rs. 1·99 lakhs.

Compared with the revised estimates for 1936 37 an improvement of Rs. 5·75 lakhs is anticipated in the receipts and an excess of Rs. 5·12 lakhs in the expenditure, of which the beneficent departments receive Rs. 2·21 lakhs. Under capital debt head transactions receipts are estimated at Rs. 177·64 lakhs, disbursements at Rs. 181·67 lakhs the former including a loan of Rs. 60 lakhs raised in the open market for repayment of the Central Government loan and expenditure on the Malakand Hydro-electric scheme.

Indicating the policy, the Finance Minister said that it had been decided to construct a tuberculosis sanitarium, reorganise primary education and afford further facilities to technical and industrial training.

Referring to the remission of land revenue, he said that wholesale remissions could not be reasonably expected, but it was proposed to examine individual cases for relief.

Regarding the augmentation of Provincial resources, the Finance Minister said that the motor-tax, which had been imposed, would bring Rs. 1.40 lakhs annually while the entertainment tax would shortly come before the house. Retrenchments had been effected under the head "contingencies and travelling allowances", which afford one lakh this year and double that amount in future years.

BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD

(Associated Press)

Abbottabad, Sept. 1.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Babu Rajendra Prasad arrived here last night and were accorded an enthusiastic reception and taken in procession.

BENGAL DETENUS

To Be Brought To Midnapore

(Associated Press)

Calcutta, Sept. 1.

The Associated Press understands that the female detention camp at Hijli, Midnapore, which was abolished about a year ago, will soon be converted into a jail for accommodating Regulation III prisoners belonging to Bengal. These men are being brought into their own province in pursuance of the policy announced by Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister, in the Bengal Assembly. These prisoners number 16. Fifteen of them are at present outside Bengal, namely, four each in the Central Provinces and Bombay, two in the United Provinces and five in Madras. The date of bringing them back has not yet been fixed, but it is understood that all of them will be at Hijli at the end of September.

ER 2,000 HOUSES COLLAPSE

FLOOD HAVOC IN CENTRAL PROVINCES

Govt.'s Relief Measures

(Associated Press)

Nagpur, Sept. 1.

Details of the recent flood havoc in theBilaspur District are given in a Government communique which states that 55 villages have suffered loss of property and livestock. Crops have also been considerably damaged, but fortunately there has been no loss of life.

Over 2,000 houses have collapsed rendering many homeless and quantities of grain have been washed away or spoiled.

There was 18 inches of water at the police station house in Sheorinarayan village where 240 houses fell down, while at Chandrapur 200 houses have been levelled to the ground, water entering the excise warehouse.

District authorities and Mr Thakur Chedilal, M.L.A, visited the affected areas promptly. Relief parties have been organised and arrangements have been made for free distribution of grain to the distressed. Medical authorities have taken measures to prevent the outbreak of epidemic in the flooded areas. Bamboos are being supplied from Government forests for the reconstruction of houses and free grazing of cattle is permitted in Government forests where there is necessity. Enquiries with a view to the suspension of land revenue are in progress. At Bilaspur a Relief Committee has been formed with Mr. Thakur Chedilal, M.L.A., as president for helping the sufferers.

NORTH BIHAR AGAIN THREATENED

River Kamla Rising

(Associated Press)

Patna, Sept. 1.

According to the reports received here, floods are again threatening North Bihar. River Kamla is rising again in Madhubani, Darbhanga District. The village of Mongarauni is under deep water resulting in the collapse of a few mudwalled houses. Heavy rainfall caused rise of water in the Gogra, Saran District. Breach of certain bunds are threatened.

Condition In Gonda

Gonda, (By Mail)

The Sarju and Gogra rivers, after receding rapidly for three days, again rose about six inches between Aug. 23 and 25, says a communique issued by Mr. R. M. Dey, Deputy Commissioner. The rivers are, however, again receding, but this has prolonged free distribution of grain. Three doctors, 16 vaccinators and two veterinary assistants continue touring the affected areas. Precautionary measures and relief measures are continuing.

EMBARGO ON IMPORT OF ZANZIBAR CLOVES

The Question May Be Raised In The Assembly

(Associated Press)

Simla, Sept. 1.

Lobby talks indicate that some prominent members of the Assembly are contemplating to raise the question of placing an embargo on the import of cloves into India by means of a resolution. No definite decision has yet been taken. It is, however, learnt in case the time for ballot ing of non-official resolutions has been expired, a request may be made to the Government to allot a special day for the discussion of the resolution.

Rs. 1,500 For Garden Party And Civic Address To Nehru !

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY VOTES FOR THE AMOUNT

(Associated Press)

Ahmedabad, Sept. 1.

The Ahmedabad Municipality resolved this evening, by an overwhelming majority of votes, to present an address and also give a garden party to Pandit Jawharlal Nehru during his forthcoming visit to Ahmedabad and sanctioned a sum of Rs. 1,500 for the same.

EIGHT-ANDAMANS HUNGER-STRIKERS

None Of Them On The Seriously Ill List

(Associated Press)

Culcutta, Sepl. 1.

The Associated Press officially understands that none of the remaining eight prisoners, who are still on hunger-strike in the Andamans, is on the seriously ill list. Only three are now on the list, but along with others they broke their fast on August 28. They are progressing satisfactorily.

It will be recalled that on the ground of the reported death of Dam the members of the Congress party staged a walk-out in the Bengal Assembly a few days ago.

KISAN DAY MEETING IN CALCUTTA

Resolutions Adopted

(Associated Press)

Calcutta, Sept. 1.

Resolutions demanding the abolition of the Zemindari system, without compensation, the introduction of free primary education without taxation, the reduction of rent by 50 per cent. and the release of politicals and detenus were adopted at a meeting held to-night at the Albert Hall in observance of the All-India Kisan Day.

The meeting further asked those members of the Bengal Assembly who voted against peasants' cause to resign immediately.

JHANSI MUNICIPAL CHAIRMAN

No-Confidence Motion Carried

(Associated Press)

Jhansi, (By Mail).

In an unusually tense atmosphere the no-confidence motion against Mr. Syed Yakub, Municipal Chairman, was taken up for consideration. The Municipal Hall was besieged by a huge crowd and apprehending a breach of the peace the police threw in a cordon round the building. The proceedings were enlivened by interesting developments.

When Mr. Dhulekar (Congress) moved the no-confidence motion, the chairman offered to resign if the motion was withdrawn. The Congress members signified their willingness to accept the offer on condition that the Commissioner would accept the Chairman's resignation immediately. The Chairman adjourned the meeting for half an hour and went to the Commissioner to ascertain whether he would accept the resignation but failed. The motion was eventually moved and evoked a heated discussion. When put to the vote, it was carried by a majority.

BID FOR FREEDOM

Seven Under-Trials' Unsuccessful Attempt

(Associated Press)

Hyderabad, Aug. 30.

A daring but unsuccessful bid for freedom is reported to have been made by seven Arab under-trials detained in the district jail at Nizamabad District in connexion with a dacoity case.

It is stated that, on August 29, after overpowering the jail guards and snatching their weapons, they made good their escape. Police reinforcements were rushed and the prisoners were eventually traced to a place four miles away. They, however, gave fight, but were overpowered and arrested. In the scuffle many villagers and some policemen received injuries. One of them is in a precarious condition.

DR. ALDER ARRESTED

(Reuter's Cable)

Rotterdam, Sept. 1.

Dr.Friedrich Adler, Secretary of the Labour Socialist International, has been arrested on a charge of enteringHolland under a false passport.

NEW CARGO BOAT

(British Official Wireless)

Rugby, Sept. 1.

The cargo boat, Kakapo, one of the series of 12 being built in Scotland for the Union Steamship Company of Newzealand, was launched to-day on the Clyde by Mrs. Jordon, wife of the High Commissioner in London.

WEATHER REPORT

(Associated Press)

Poona, Sept. 2.

The trough of low pressure extends from the centre to the head of the Bay of Bengal and fairly widespread thunder showers occurred in South Bengal and Orissa with a few falls in rest of north-east India. Western disturbance cause widespread thunder rain in and near the Western Himalayas and in the North-West Frontier Province. There has also been nearly general rain in Konkan with scattered showers in the Deccan East Madras and Gujarat.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Dhubri 3 inches, Sialkot 2, Dalhouse and Murree 1½ each Rawalpindi, Simla, Cherat and Khandala 1, Cox's Bazaar, Darbhanga, Parachinar and Masulipatam ¾ each.

Forecast: Wide spread and locally heavy thunder rain is likely in South Bengal with local showers in Orissa and a new thunder storms in rest of North-East India. Local thunder storms will occur in that Central Provinces and East Central India. A few dust of thunderstorms in and around North Punjab are also expected. Fairly widespread showers will occur in the northern half of the peninsula with a few falls in the southern half.

PARADISE LONG ENOW

Adams Have Caught Up Eves

London, (By Air Mail).

For some years a paradise for Adam, if only in the surplus of Eves, Australia in its latest figures, shows a preponderance for males. There are 3,452,503 of them against 3,367,208. Only in the State of Victoria does Eve now collectively dominate by 838,969 to 917,127, says Austral News. Australia's increase in population, during the year, has been 53,267.

Mathematical Miracles

MACHINE THAT WORKS THEM

YOUNG AUSTRALIAN INVENTOR

London (By Air Mail).

An extraordinary machine that is to scientist and engineer, with their intricate mathematical problems, what the adding machine is to the clerk with his simple columns of figures has been invented at Sydney University. By tracing curves on a sheet of paper, it reduced the weeks ordinarily required for complicated solutions to a matter of hours. The first model is being sent to England to be duplicated for possible world-wide use, says Austral News. It can be adapted for problems of railway engineering, range tables for artillery, statistical investigations, physics, bacteriology and ionospheric and electrical research. It will, for instance, work out in a few minutes, exactly how to safeguard any electrical system, either of wiring or machinery, against lightning flashes. The inventor is Mr. D. M. Myers, a young research physicist of the Radio Research Board of Australia, and is one of the first results of the Federal Government's five year's grant of £30,000 a year for research in Australian universities. Among curious feats of calculation, the machine will keep adding up the total of three quantities which are continually varying. This, ordinarily, may require weeks of tedious labour. There are about six machines in the world which can solve what are known to mathematicians as differential equations. The first was designed by Dr. V. Bush and installed in the Massachussets Institute of Technology in 1931. Professor D. R. Hartree. F. R. S., improved on this at Manchester University, in 1935. His machines cost £10,000 and requires about £1,000 a year, it is understood, for staff and maintenance. Both machines are mechanical applications of Lord Kelvin's idea. Mr. Myers has found a different mechanical method which reduces the cost of his machine to between £200 and £300 and its maintenance to practically nothing, and gives it portability, It does not cover the entire range of Professor Hartree's machine. but it will probably solve 95 p. c. of the problems presented to it. One problem for which the Manchester machine requires 36 curves and more than a fortnight's work, can be solved by the Myers machine in less than a day. After graduating in science and engineering at Sydney University, Mr. Myers worked with the Metropolitan-Vickers company in England. after which he did a two years' postgraduate course at Oxford.

THE BIGGEST FISH THAT EVER GOT AWAY

London, (By Air Mail).

Eric Chadwick and Jack Keer were fishing for whiting off Albany, in Western Australia. Well out to sea in their 30 foot launch, they were suddenly alarmed to see a large hump-backed whale heading for them. Twenty feet off, the whale suddenly submerged and passed under the stern of the launch which rocked wildly. Kerr started the engine to scare off the whale, but the only immediate result was that it fouled Chadwick's fishing line. Thoroughly frightened, the monster snapped at the line and took bait hook and sinker and (for some distance and until something snapped) the boat. When they recovered the two young men came to the conclusion that all the whale wanted was to rub itself against the boat to rid itself of barnacles. Both disclaim any intention of trying to land the whale and neither denies that it got away. This is all quite true, says Austral News.

Letters To The Editor

HINDI AS COMPULSORY SUBJECT

(To the Editor of "Justice")

Sir,—We understand from newspapers that there is a strong move on the part of the Madras Government to make Hindi a compulsory subject to be studied by children reading in forms 1 to 3. It is a matter of well-known knowledge that the study of English, a foreign tongue, is itself taxing the energies of the student population to the utmost. The study of Tamil which is the mother-tongue of many and the vernacular of the Southern portion of the province after a long and cruel neglect has just been taken up. It is natural that the Tamilians should desire that the mother-tongue should stand second to none in importance in the schools of their land. Difficult as it is to master two languages, it is well nigh impossible to master three languages. Any attempt to do so would have pernicious consequences to ordinary talents. Moreover, a study of Hindi by everybody is unnecessary for the ordinary routine life.

Tamil being the mother tongue and the language understood by educated and uneducated, its study is imperative. English being the State language and the language of the commercial world that connects us with the foreign nations, its study could not be easily abandoned nor is it desirable to do so. The question therefore reduces itself to whether the study of Hindi by the Tamils is necessary at all. For a man living in the Tamil land it is certainly not necessary. Even to a Tamilian who travels through northern India it is unnecessary if he knows some English. as there are many people in northern India who understand that language. Moreover, Hindi is not understood and spoken in all parts of northern India. Therefore a study of Hindi is totally unnecessary and extremely undesirable to students of lower forms as it would be a great strain upon their young brains. If it is to be made a national language then it will be enough if people who are able and willing to study it are given ample facilities to do so outside schools. Moreover, the expenses which may have to be incurred in this connection may, when added to the expenses incurred already for education, will seriously embrrass the members of the treasury bench and result in starving out some necessary branches of knowledge or departments of the Government as the present government is wedded to a policy of minimising expenditure.

Therefore the introduction of compulsory study of the Hindi language in the lower forms of the Tamil land is extremely unnecessary, injudicious and harmful.

V. NELLIAPPA PILLAI,
President, Society for the
Protection of Tamil
Language, Tinnevelly.

PROHIBITION PROBLEM

(To The Editor of "Justice")

Sir,—I have not noticed in the many letters to the press on the subject of Prohibition any reference to the important question as to the nature of the substitute for drink which will be offered to those who indulge in it. I think there is little doubt that the habit of drinking among poor people is largely the result of a very intelligible craving for release from the intolerable conditions under which they live. They have urgent need to forget. Drink helps them to forget.

On October 1st, Prohibition will be intr[...] District. D[...] available to [...] more, though [...] rich people, [...] have no difficul[...] taining whatever they[...] What is to be [...] as from October 1st to a[...] poor people as a mode of r[...] from conditions which [...] Madras Government wil[...] have had time to make [...] tolerable? "You shall n[...] alcoholic liquid any more[...] the Government. "What d[...] offer us in its place?" [...] those affected by the or[...] those days most people [...] need to forget. In some [...] the tobacco habit that h[...] other cases it is toddy. [...] cases it is wines and [...] And some have recourse [...]

I am, of course, ab[...] opposed to the drink hab[...] what can we expect whe[...] masses live such miser[...] lives? And if we take away from them their drink, are we giving them either a substitute for drink, which might be difficult, or are we giving them happier lives? In the experiment now being made we do not seem to be doing either, though there may be schemes in contemplation about which I know nothing.

Finally, I hope everybody dislikes the word "Prohibition" as much as I do. I realise that local option is difficult to introduce in India. Perhaps I would rathe[r] have Prohibition than let conditions go on as they are. But I intensely dislike the dictator spirit in any form and I seem for some time to have noticed sig[ns] of its development in [...] country.

GEORGE S. ARUND[...]
Adyar, Madras.
31st August 1937.

PHYSICAL TRAINING IN SCHOOLS

(To The Editor of "Justice")

Sir,—The new Congress Ministry is trying to make radical changes in all departments of Government. Will it take the earliest opportunity to introduce in all schools and colleges an hour daily for physical training of our boys such as boxing, wrestling, sword and stick play, thandals, etc., which will create martial spirit in them. As this is most needed before full autonomy is vested in our hands, I hope my suggestion will not g[o] unheeded. The present system of drill class once a week is of no use at all and makes our boys mere weaklings. Physical culture must be made as one of the subjects in the annual examination in each class and marks and prizes should be given to encourage it.

N. KRISHNASWAMY NAIDU,
Tinnanur, Sept. 1,1937 — Secretary, Rural Welfare Centre.

A QUERY

(To The Editor of Justice[...]

Sir,—Will you or any [...] readers of your valuable d[...] please let me know whether [...] police authorities have [...] right to inquire into a letter [...] appeal sent direct to the Rig[ht] Reverend E. H. M. Walle[r] Lord Bishop of Madras, (wh[o] is now in England on lea[ve]) representing to him the pres[...] state of the C. M. S. Tinneve[lly] Settlement Church, Washerma[n]pet, and for its uplift and bett[er]ment signed by me and [...] others belonging to the s[...] church on 8-6-1937 ?

JOSEPH CHELLIA[...]
MOSES NA[...]

THE CALEDONIA

(British Official Wire[less])

Rugby[...]

The Imperial A[...] range flying boat C[...] ved at Southam[...] noon after her t[...] Britain Flight [...] which she tra[...] and passed ov[...]

...:—
...mporary ...st absolute ... Matha, Mad... ...r short inter... ...anced enquirers ...itual path. This ... the Samkhya prin... ...thought and experi... ...n. An English in... ...ves summary of the ...in Sanskrit.
... Datta :—Upendra ...utra.
...osophical treatise in ...yle with commentary. ...uthor is a rationalist of the ...entury and gives very ...nced views varying from ...raditional ones.
...ith:—Letters and essays on ...nt imperial and interna... problems.
... the book is devoted to ...rrent constitutional pro... of the British Empire. ... relations of the Irish ..., including abolition of ...or-Generalship, form a ...ominent feature. About 10 ...ges deal with the Dominion ...tus of India and the I. C. S. ... the other half dealing with ...ternational relations, Abys...nia is fully discussed.
...Evatt:—The king and his ...inion governors.
...his is a study of the Reserve ...ers of the Crown as an ...ntial part of the constitution ...articular reference to such ...tions as dissolution of ...liament, dismissal of minis...rs gives any concrete instance ...illustration.
...anikkar:—Indian Princes in ...il.
...ccount of the Chamber of ...during the eight years ...Patiala was the ...or. Defends the attitude ...by Patiala in the matter ...ederation.
Mookerji:—Hindu civilization.
Having dealt with the prehistoric and geographical background in two chapters, deals successively with the Rig Vedic, the later Vedic and the Post Vedic civilisation, fully documented.
Ibn Hasan:—Central structure of the Mughal Empire.
Describes the structure and and the method of administration and of the Central government between 1560 and 1657 ie. from Akbar to Shah Jahan. In introducing the book Denison Ross says "It would be hard to think of a question which is not satisfactorily answered in these pages".
Hutton :—Is it peace?
A survey of the European phase of British foreign policy during the last ten years, Part I gives the viewpoint. Part II gives facts and occurrences in different European countries and Part III intreprets these facts. He concludes that the sorry conduct of British and French foreign policy from 1931 to 1936 has raised up two Great Powers as militant dictatorships to a pitch of militaristic frenzy and economic tension from which there appears to be no escape.
Keith:—King and the imperial ...rown.
...Deals with the part played in ...overnment by the King personally, in the administration, legislation and judicature of Great Britain—from 1832 to date. Discusses also the divisibility of the Crown among the nations of the Empire.
Jennings :—Cabinet Government.
A detailed study of the division of functions. the mode of work, and the relation to the Sovereign, the legislature of the ...ivil service of the Executive of ...reat Britain. Has 22 pages of ...bliography,
Bohn and Ely :—The Great ...ange.
...escribes the tremendous social ...d industrial changes which ... taking place to-day and the ...onomic foundations of their ...hanges. This universal problems are presented from the American point of view. Ely is the President of the Institute for Economic Research.

Spalding :—Foreign exchange and foreign bills.
Tenth and latest edition, re-written to meet the present situation caused by controlled currencies and the dropping of the gold-mooring of currencies contains new chapters on China exchange and an appendix on the devaluation in 1936.
Lundberg:—Theory of economic expansion.
Examines the possibility of formulating a dynamic theory for the analysis of the total development in a closed economy. Chapter IX gives model sequences showing the expansion of income, consumption, savings and investment under given conditions. Various theories of money and business cycles are examined to find the conditions of a determinate sequence of economic changes. Treatment is mathematical.
Burrows:—Problems and practice of economic planning.
First part deals with theory. The second part discusses the significant features of varieties of experimental planning in a number of countries—ranging from reformed capitalism, greater government control within a competitive system, to types of syndicalism, collectivism and communism.
Reed :—Insurance.
A general textbook dealing with life, fire, consequential loss, accident and marine branches.
Hall :—Economic system of a socialist state.
Points out that the problem of choosing between alternative uses competitive structure and that the communistic organisation has no such means of automatic adjustment.
Tarapore :—Prison reform in India.
A popular plea for the extension to India, of prison reforms already adopted in Europe and America and successfully introduced in Burma by the author where he was in charge of prisons for ten years.

Other Recent Additions

Iswara Krishna:—Sankhya Karika.
Apadeva :— Mimamsa-nyaya-prakasa.
Sankara Chaitanya Bharati:—Khyati-vada.
Vachaspati Misra :—Bhamati, Pt. 2.
Macinnes:—Introd. to the economic history of the British Empire.
Chatterji:—Mir Qasim, Nawab of Bengal.
Trevelyan:—Grey of Fallodon.
Meredith:—Economic history of England.
Wilson:—Loyalties: Mesopotamia. V. 1.
Hayes:—Political and cultural history of modern Europe. 2 V.
Ikbal Ali Shah:—Fuad, King of Egypt.
Thomas:—Elements of economics.
Thomas:—Banker and customer.
Viljoen:—Economics of primitive peoples.

NEGAPATAM PORT

Steamer Movements

(From our own correspondent)

Nagapatam, Sept. 1.

S.S. "Nizam," coasting from Calcutta to Bombay, arrived here on the 22nd August and sailed on the next day, after landing 2377 packages of general cargo and lifting 10,000 earthenpots for Colombo.

M. V. "Villar Peroso", which arrived here on the 15th August, sailed on the 21st August carrying 4025 tons of groundnut kernels for Monfalcone, Oneglia and Genoa.

S.S. "Rohna". bound to Malaya, sailed on the 28th August carrying 1110 passengers, besides mails and cargo.

S.S. "Chilka", an extra steamer bound to Malaya, sailed on the 30th August carrying 2603 passengers.

S.S. "Warialda" from Rangoon, which arrived here on the 21st August, sailed to Cuddalore on the 26th August, after landing 1190 tons of timber and grains. She returned from Cuddalore on the 29th August and sailed on the next day to Rangoon carrying 9850 bags of groundnut kernels for Rangoon.

MADRAS PRESIDENCY POSTMEN'S UNION

Meeting Of Madras Branch

(From a Correspondent)

Madras, Sept. 1.

A meeting of the Madras City Branch of the Madras Presidency Postmen's Union was held on the 26th ultimo at the Paramanandadoss Chotadoss Choultry. Park Town, Mr. M. Munuswami Naidu, Vice-President, was in the chair.

The meeting considered the unsatisfactory replies received from the Postmaster-General and the Presidency Postmaster, the illtreatment of postmen by Inspectors and the restriction imposed on postmen that they should return their dress when they go on leave. The meeting requested the Secretary of the Central Union to take steps for redressing the grievances.

Some of the postmen then spoke about their grievances. They said it was unhygienic to force one postman to wear the uniform worn by another. They also suggested the convening of a conference very soon. Resolutions were also passed on the occasion.

MYSORE NOTES

(From our own Correspondent)

Mysore, Sept. 1.

Mr. M. A. Srinivasan, presiding, an ordinary meeting of the Mysore City Municipal Council was held on Monday evening.

While recording the letter from the Secretary to Government, Local Self Government Department, stating that Government regret that the payment of a grant of Rs. 250 to the Hindi Prachar Sabha during the current year cannot be sanctioned, it was resolved to request the Government to reconsider their decision.

The Council approved a number of estimates for repairing various roads in the city.

To a question by Mr. C. Narasimhaiah about the health of the City, the president replied that it was fully saisfactory till now, and only for the last few days some symptoms of plague breaking out in Veeranagiri extension were seen. In that connection the Council approved the Health Officer's proposal to entertain two inoculating Officers on a pay of Rs. 50 plus 5 each per mensem temporarily for a period of four months to arrest the spread of plague.

The Council sanctioned an estimated expenditure of Rs. 500 for holding a Market Show this year.

Mr. Govindaraja Mudaliar, Second City Magistrate. convicted and sentenced Devaiah and four others to a fine of Rs. 30 each as they were found running a bucket shop near Makkaji Chowka. The Magistrate ordered a reward of Rs. 75 to the police for tracing it.

* * *

It is alleged that one Sidda chari, an undertrial prisoner while being escorted from the local sub-jail to the magistrate's court, assaulted two constables. The police have registered a case and are conducting necessary investigation.

* * *

It is reported that the dead body of one Ramanna a priest attached to the Gangadheshwara temple on the Bilagirirangan Hills was found in the adjoining forest about five days ago. Some foul play is suspected and the police Assistant Superintendent of Nanjangud circle has gone to the spot for necessary investigation.

A Correction

A correspondent writes: Mr. R. S. Vaidyanatha Ayyar's advance speech on the Madras Land Revenue System which, as published in "Justice" dated Aug. 31, was not delivered at the Porto Novo Mirasdars' meeting, as the meeting could not be held on account of unforeseen circumstances. The speech is, however, issued to the press as a statement.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF CATTLE

Incidence During July In Madras Presidency

Madras, Sept. 1.

The Director of Veterinary Services, Madras, has issued the following note showing the incidence of contagious diseases of cattle in the Madras Presidency during July 1937:—

The mortality from contagious diseases of cattle during the month of July 1937 has shown an unfavourable increase over that in the previous month. 731 outbreaks were reported from villages as compared to 405 in the previous month with a proportionate increase in the mortality to 3,653 as compared with 1,937 in June 1937.

Rinderpest.—This disease continued to prevail in a severe form in the districts of Vizagapatam, East Godavari and Bellary which between them reported 117 outbreaks out of the total of 148 in the whole presidency, the number for June being 100. 883 head of cattle died from this disease. Vizagapatam District lost 181, East Godavari 441 and Bellary 48. The disease was mild in the other districts of the province. 25,098 herd of cattle were protected by the staff against Rinderpest during the month.

Haemorrhagic Septicaemia.—The disease as anticipated, has shown a considerable rise in its incidence, there being 156 outbreaks with 638 deaths as against 70 outbreaks, 252 deaths during June 1937.

Protective inoculations on 11,878 animals were conducted by the staff in their efforts to control outbreaks.

Black-Quarter.—Like the above, this disease also prevailed in a severe form, the conditions of soil and moisture during the month being particularly favourable for its occurrence. The number of outbreaks rose from 159 in June to 234 in July and caused a loss of 1,541 cattle, the districts which suffered most were Vizagapatam 272, Anantapur 408 and Chittoor 297. Protective inoculations were carried out in affected villages as well as in clean areas, the total number of animals thus protected being 19,630.

Anthrax.—Anthrax also showed a rise i.e. 52 outbreaks and 425 deaths as compared to 24 outbreaks and 196 deaths in the previous month. The staff were able to protect only 1,868 cattle in affected villages.

Foot and mouth disease.—This was the only disease which has shown an appreciable fall in its incidence i.e. from 42 to 28 outbreaks. Outbreaks of other contagious diseases reported were 13 as compared to 12. Ten of these were reported in the Vizagapatam District and are believed to be mostly of Rinderpest.

SOUTHERN INDIA BRAHMO SAMAJ

(From a Correspondent)

Madras, Sept. 1.

Under the auspices of the Southern India Brahmo Samaj Ladies Section, a meeting was held on Saturday the 28th August, 1937 at 5 p.m. at the Brahmo Mandir, 97, Anna Pillai Street, G. T., Madras. Mrs. V. J. R. Asirvatham presided.

The Secretary gave a talk on "Women and their Ideals". She made special mention of a women's duty to God, home and country. She appealed to men to give women liberty and scope for doing social service to their suffering brothers and sisters.

Mrs. Asirvatham said in the course of her concluding remarks that women had better talents to serve the suffering millions of India.

After a vote of thanks the meeting ended.

:(o):

The Curator, Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras, writes: The number of visitors to the Library during August, 1937, was 450 and the number of books consulted 875.

GERMANY HAS 5,243 CINEMAS

European Countries With Only One Cinema

London, (By Air Mail)

Germany has more cinemas than any other European country. Of the 32,454 cinemas in 32 European countries, 5,243 are in Germany. The British Isles come next with 5,058 and France follows with 4,100, Italy has 3,900, Spain 2,500, European Russia has 2,300 and Czechoslovakia 2,024. Liechtenstein, San Marino and Andorra, the three tiny countries of Europe, have one cinema each. The Vatican City is not included in these statistics, for although there are various projection apparata there and proper accommodation for cinema performances, these are not regular cinemas.

NEW STRAUSS OPERA FOR MUNICH

London (By Air Mail).

Richard Strauss's new Opera "Friedenstag" (Peace Day), which the composer has just finished, will be given its first performance at the Munich State Opera House in the summer of next year. Herr Josef Gregor of Vienna has written the libertto. Dr. Strauss is now at work on a further opera entitled "Daphne". The Dresden State Opera in due course will have the honour of staging the first performance of this work.

RECORD YEAR FOR BRITISH VISITORS TO GERMANY

London (By Air Mail)

The number of British visitors to Germany this year is expected to be higher even than during last year when there was the added attraction of the Olympic Games in Berlin. Leading Tourist Agencies compute an increase of from 20 to 35 per cent. based on the figures already available,

1250 MILES OF GERMANY'S STATE MOTOR ROADS OPEN THIS YEAR

London, (By Air Mail).

1250 miles of Germany's State Motor Roads will be open to traffic at the end of 1937. A further 1250 miles are already under construction. The whole plan for these roads, outlined when the scheme was first launched in 1933. entails the building of 4375 miles of motor roads. It was estimated that this task would take seven years; that it would be completed by the end of 1940.

BANGALORE

:(o):

Bangalore, Sept. 2.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT-SECURITIES

TAXABLE.

P. C.	Years	Rate Rs.	A.	P.
2¾	1948-52	100	6	0
3	1941	104	3	0
3	1951-54	102	0	0
3½	...	97	10	0
3½	1947-50	107	0	0
4	1943	108	7	0
4	1960-70	113	2	0
4½	1955-60	118	6	0
5	1940-43	108	8	0
5	1939-44	106	0	0
5½	1938-40	104	4	0
FREE FROM TAX				
5	1945-55	120	8	0

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

FREE FROM TAX		App. yield Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
5½%	1941-51	2	10	2	114	13	0
5¼%	1940	3	0	0	109	10	0
5½%	1938	...			103	8	0
5%	1955	3	2	0	123	6	0
4%	1953-63	3	0	6	112	1	0
3½%	1951-58	3	0	0	106	8	0
3%	1956-61	2	14	6 S	101	7	0
5% Shimoga Ry. (Taxable)	1945				105	4	0
5% Cochin	1943-53				110	2	0
3½% ,,	1956-61				102	6	0
Mysore L.M. 5%	1960				114	12	0
4½%	1960				108	4	0
4%	1965				104	0	0
3½% Mysore Dt. Board				S	100	8	0
3½% Bangalore Dt. Board				S	100	10	0

Value of 3 per cent. bonds is 6/7 of 3½ per cent.

The securities market is quiet.

SHARES

BANKS	Paid up Capital. Rs.	Present Rate. Rs.	A.	P.
Imperial F. P.	500	1,544	0	0
Imperial, Cont.	125	381	8	0
India	50	145	0	0
Mysore	100	x.d.s.285	0	0
Bangalore	10	7	4	0
Industrial	25	N 6	0	0
Devanga	10	S 8	6	0
Central	25	31	0	0
Quilon	25	26	4	0
State Aided	25	13	8	0
Travancore National	50	54	8	0
Reserve	100	126	0	0
Indian	50	127	0	0
Indian	10	26	0	0
INSURANCE				
Asiatic	5	5	0	0
Orientals	200	4,910	0	0
New India	15	44	12	0
Vulcan	10	8	4	0
MILLS				
New Aaron	10	10	12	0
Bangalore ord.	100	161	8	0
Do. pref.	100	115	0	0
Buckingham ord.	100	192	0	0
Do. pref.	100	166	0	0
Gokok	100	202	0	0
Kaiser-i-Hind	2½	0	10	0
Minerva	100	63	0	0
Maharaja	50	107	0	0
Krishnarajendra	25	S 5	4	0
Sitaram	100	42	0	0
Vasantha ord.	100	101	0	0
Do. pref.	100	114	8	0
Rajalakshmi ord.	50	53	0	0
DEBENTURES				
5½ Hassan	100	105	4	0
5 Mysore Sugar	80	80	8	0
7 11/16 Trichy-Srirangam (1938)	100	104	4	0
7½% Minerva Ltd. Debt. 1935-40	500	512	0	0
MISCELLANEOUS				
Little Oriental Balm	10	2	6	0
Brewaries ord.	75	76	0	0
,, pre.	100	112	0	0
Tata Hydro ord.	100	167	8	0
,, pre.	100	158	0	0
Tata Iron ord.	75	340	0	0
def	30	1,546	0	0
pre. 1st	150	199	10	0
pre. 2nd	100	169	8	0
ailway	25 B	19	0	0
Bangalore Press	100 S	80	8	0
Barton Son's ord.	10 S	5	4	0
do. pre.	10	S 7	4	0
Spencers ord.	10	6	0	0
,, A pre.	10	9	10	0
,, B pre.	10	10	10	0
MYSORE INDUSTRY				
Paper	8	S 11	8	0

(Continued on previous Column)

(Continued from next Column).

Spun Silk	10	10	0	0
Lampworks	8	S 9	2	0
Stoneware Pipes	5	Discount 0	15	0
Tobacco	4	4	4	0
ELECTRIC				
Ajmeer	10	13	14	0
Vellore ord.	10	17	6	0
,, 6%	5	6	4	0
New	4	8	4	0
Trichinopoly	100	211	0	0
,,	10	20	10	0
Vizagapatam ord.	50	74	0	0
,, pref.	50	68	0	0
Kumbakonam	10	15	6	0
Cochin	10	13	6	0
Rangoon	10	14	12	0
MINING				
Champion Sh.	10	2	1	2
Mysore Sh.	10	1	4	5½
Nandidroog Sh.	10	2	17	6
Oorgum ord.	10	0	11	10
,, Pref.	10	0	19	9
SUGARS				
Mysore Sugar	10	27	4	0
Indian ord.	10	5	0	0
,, pref.	100	97	0	0
Deccan ord.	100	256	0	0
,,	25	61	0	0
,, 7% pre	100	140	0	0
Cawnpore	10	24	12	0

P.—Premium, N.—Nominal, S.—Sellers, B.—Buyers, C. D.—Cum Dividend X. D.—Without dividend, D.—Discount S. l.—Small lots, Bl.—Big Lots.

The share market is easy.

Justice

MADRAS THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1937

PRISON REFORM

MR. G. NARAYANASWAMY CHETTIAR'S LECTURE

(+)

Madras, Sept. 1.

Diwan Bahadur G. Narayanaswamy Chettiar spoke on 'Prison Reform' yesterday evening at the Y. M. C. A. Mr. G. Solomon, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. welcomed Mr. Narayanaswamy Chettiar and introduced him to the members.

The following are extracts from the Dewan Bahadur's speech:

Prison reform has not till recently received any public attention in this country. This question was treated as an 'Untouchable' and the public never concerned themselves with the small question of giving amenities to prisoners and improving their lot. Pre-occupied as the politician was with the several public questions of absorbing interest, he had not even the slightest feeling that a hardened criminal thrown out of the prisons would be a menace to society, the protection of which should receive the primary consideration at the hands of the Government.

There is no gainsaying the fact that the prisons of modern times are more humane than what they were some years ago. There has been also a broad and sensible outlook in the punishment meted out for crimes. Unlike the old times when the penal code was used as a big punishing machinery without discrimination and sensitiveness at the present time, regard is now paid by the Magistracy to the age, environments and the force of special circumstances, to which the unfortunate person has fallen a victim and suitable punishment awarded so as to reform him and make him a law-abiding citizen. For instance, if a juvenile offender commits a theft, say of a watch under pressure of circumstances, poverty and illiteracy being in most cases the essential cause, no useful purposes will be served by sentencing him to prison for the term which the offence enjoins in the Code; even the the public will disapprove of such a punishment. It is a well recognised maxim that criminals are made not outside but inside the jails. I need not here emphasise, for it has always been repeated—the contaminating influences in the jails among which the juvenile offender will be thrown. To deal with such juvenile delinquency, there are certified and Borstal institutions in the Presidency. The serving of sentences in these institutions is not considered as a stigma as that of serving a sentence in the jail, for they are considered more as institutions than as jails. In the moral training given to lads, the individual virtue is discovered and developed while the institution is founded on the 'esprit de corps' which it has evoked. A spirit of comradeship and self-reliance is fostered in the institution which sustains the several buffettings in life, which the lads on release are about to face when they are discharged from the institution. Several industries are also taught to the boys, so that when they go out into the world they can eke out their honest living by pursuing any one of these avocations. I know of an ex-inmate of a Borstal institution who was a very good carpenter and who could do articles of furniture with workmanship not excelled by any other professionalist.

Not An End In Itself

A Borstal institution is not an end in itself. It no doubt provides a good means of reforming the criminal propensities of the lad. There is also another link very essential for keeping the lad away from crime. The necessity of an efficient supervision of his after-care with a watchful eye for his employment cannot be over emphasised. This want is supplied by After-care and Borstal Associations which are functioning under non-Official agency as an integral part of the scheme for which the Borstal institutions stand committed. The Associations are faced with a formidable task of securing employment for these ex-inmates and I sincerely hope that the public will rise to the occasion and render all help to make these institutions a success.

To each of the jails is attached a Board of Visitors whose duties are to see to the amenities of the prisoners and to see that proper arrangements are made for promoting cleanliness and sanitation. The Visiting Committee represents, though in a restricted sense, the association of non-official agency in the conduct of prisons. Though it is not my purpose to draw any invidious distinction, I should say that the powers and privileges of the Visiting Committee in England differ in a material degree with those obtaining here. I sincerely hope that the authorities will revise the regulations and confer on the Board of Visitors more responsibilities so that the Visitors can fulfil the functions satisfactorily.

Question Of Food

The question of food in jails has received considerable attention in recent times, and has evoked a controversy. Without entering into the forbidden field of controversy, I should say that it is my firm conviction, as I hope it should be with all, that there should be a plentiful supply of wholesome food so that the prisoners may be able to absorb sufficient energy. However it is far from my intention to suggest that they should be provided with all the life's luxuries. I implore on the authorities to hold an enquiry into the question of food and revise the diet suitably. It is needless for me to add that this is one of the questions on which public opinion has been formulated and I trust that the Government will lose no time in tackling the question in all its aspects and arriving at a satisfactory solution.

The improvement of Jail libraries has been before the public for sometime past. It has been recognised by all that illiteracy and the lack of moral ideals has been mostly responsible for the committal of crime. Therefore it is very essential that the question of promoting literacy should not be lost sight of in the jails. I well realise that the jail is no school where political or economic theories or doctrines can be taught, but suitable books should be provided for the prisoners, so that the monotony of jail life may be eased.

Some years ago, it may be within the recollection of many of you, the Government of Madras had appointed a Committee to examine the question of Jail libraries and they made certain recommendations not only for the supply of books but useful periodicals. I had the privilege of being its Chairman and devoting my labours to the examination of this question, which has been so close to my heart. The Government, owing to the paucity of funds, could not release necessary funds to give effect to all the recommendations of the Committee.

Religious and moral discourses are now being given by social workers to the prisoners of various denominations. This is found in practice to produce very good results. The system of moral and religious lectures is one of the effective reformative influences set on foot in the jails and I would only wish that the Government would encourage this system by reviving the payment of small allowances by way of conveyance to the religious and moral lectures. After all, the amount spent will be small, while the return for the same is handsome.

Probation System

The cardinal feature of prison reform is the Probation System. I just mentioned about the futility of sending a casual offender who has been the victim of circumstances to a jail where he will be thrown into undesirable influences. The best contribution that can be made to penal reform will be the avoidance of the above contingency and probation duties. Probation has been worked for more than 50 years in America and for about 30 years in England and has been found by practice to bring beneficial results. In our own province, this system had been just introduced.

Probation is the alternative to imprisonment. It gives the casual offender a chance for repenting and reforming. He is released on his undertaking to keep good behaviour for a certain period and the sentence for that offence is lifted, to be imposed again, should his subsequent behaviour warrant it. He is also at the same time placed under the influence and supervision of a Probation Officer, who will be his friend, philosopher and guide. Probation thus saves the offender from contamination, degeneration and the stigma of jail life and indirectly reduces the expenditure on the administration of jails. It is a matter for gratification to note that the working of theProbation has been entrusted to the Madras Presidency Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society.

A few questions were asked by the members and Mr. Narayanaswamy Chettiar answered them.

With a vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Solomon, the meeting terminated.

CITY WEEKLY MORTALITY REPORT

Madras, Sept. 1.

The calculated annual death rate in the City of Madras for the week ending 28th August, 1937, is 38.9 per mille as against 36.9 for the previous week. There were 24 attacks and 8 deaths from Cholera, (one attack and death from outside city, 2 attacks and one death from Homeless cases and 7 attacks and 2 deaths from imported cases) 38 attacks and 9 deaths from Smallpox. (one attack and death from outside City and 3 attacks from Homeless), one death from Enteric fever, 2 deaths from Malaria and 40 deaths from other fevers. The mortality rate for the corresponding week during 1936 was 39.9.

(:o:)

Nurse (in asylum): "There's a man outside who wants to know if we have lost a male inmate."

Doctor: "Why ?"

Nurse: "He says someone has run off with his wife."

Fort St. George Gazette

Education Department

Madras, Sept. 1.

Following official notifications have been gazetted this week:—

Shaik Dawood Sahib Bahadur, District Educational Officer, North Arcot, leave on average pay without medical certificate for two months from the 12th August, 1937.

The Government are pleased to appoint Mr. Kalami to be a member of the District Educational Council, North Arcot.

Major Pitta Deva Das has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Kistna, by the Salvation Army.

Srimathi K. Ramasubbamma has been elected by the District Educational Council, Cuddapah, to be its President.

The undermentioned persons have been elected to be members of the District Educational Council, Coimbatore, by the District Board, Erode:—

Messrs. S. Prabhuswami, M.K. Muthuswami Pillai, N. R. Ramaswami Gounder, K. R. Subramania Gounder, and Rao Sahib G. P. Mallappa.

The undermentioned persons have been elected to be members of the District Educational Council, South Arcot, by the District Board, Cuddalore:—

Messrs. V. J. Samu Pillai, P. K. Ramachandra Padayachi, P. Venugopala Pillai, Nallathambi Odayar and Veeramuthu.

Public Department

SPECIAL

Mr. W. Scott Brown, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department, leave for twelve months and two days, of which eight months will be on average pay and the balance on half average pay, with effect from the 14th October, 1937, or date of relief.

Mr. A. McG. C.Tampoe, I.C.S. an extension of leave for six months and thirty days with effect from the 2nd September, 1937, of which two months and thirteen days will be on average pay and the balance on half average pay.

Mr. B.G. Holdsworth, I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department.

Mr. K. Ramunni Menon, I.C.S., Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, on relief by Mr. B. G. Holdsworth, I.C.S., to be Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department, vice Mr. W. Scott Brown, C.I.E., I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. S.Y. Krishnaswami, I.C.S., Special Settlement Officer, Party No. III, Cuddapah, on relief from Settlement duty, to be Headquarters Sub-Collector and Additional District Magistrate, Malabar, vice Mr. O. PullaReddi I.C.S., proceeding on other duty as Deputy Commissioner of Excise.

Mr. S. K. Chettur, I.C.S., Special Settlement Officer, Party No. 1, Nellore, on relief from Settlement duty, to be Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Tiruppattur division of the North Arcot district.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Vere Mockett is permitted to return to duty on the 16th October 1937.

Home Department

The High Commissioner for India has granted extension of leave to to the following officers for the period noted against each:—

Mr. A. J. King, District Superintendent of Police, leave on half average pay for one month and three days from 28th September 1937.

Mr. D. Crossley, District Superintendent of Police, leave on half average pay for 6 days from 13th October 1937.

Mr. I. D'Cruz, Acting Superintendent, Senior Certified School, Chingleput, leave on average pay for sixteen days from 2nd July, 1937, under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules. He is also permitted to affix Sunday the 18th July 1937 to his leave.

Mr. J. A. Pinto to continue to be Additional Judge of the Madras City Civil Court, Madras, until further orders.

Mr. A. E. Spitteler, Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, on completion of his practical training in the Tanjore district, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, Hosur Sub-division, Salem district, vice Mr. U. C. Kunhi Kannan.

Mr. D. A. Greenwood, on return from leave to act as Superintendent, Central Jail, Rajahmundry, in relief of Captain F. E. Hitchin, M. B. E.

Captain F. E. Hitchin, M. B. E., Superintendent, Central Jail, Rajahmundry, on relief by Mr. D. A. Greenwood, to act as Superintendent, Central Jail, Salem, in relief of Mr. Reginald Howe.

Mr. Reginald Howe, Acting Superintendent, Central Jail, Salem, on relief by Captain F. E. Hitchin, to act as Superintendent, Central Jail, Vizagapatam, in relief of Mr. M. Balasubramanyam Mudaliyar

Mr. M. Balasubramanyam Mudaliyar, Acting Superintendent, Central Jail, Vizagapatam, on relief by Mr. R. Howe, to act as Superintendent, District Jail, Cuddalore, in relief of Mr. E. V. Casey.

Mr. J. Beckett, District Superintendent of Police, Ordinary grade, to be Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Selection Grade, with effect from the 17th June 1937, vice Mr. J. Elliot.

Revenue Department

The following appointment of a Registrar of Assurances is ordered:—

Mr. S. Appavu Pillai, Sub-Registrar, Selection Grade, is appointed to act as a Registrar of Assurances.

The following postings of Registrars of Assurances are ordered:—

Mr. S. Appavu Pillai to officiate as Registrar of Assurances, Kurnool.

Mr. T. M. Nellaiyappa Pillai, Officiating Registrar of Assurances, Kurnool, to officiate as Registrar of Assurances, Trichinopoly.

Muhammad Azam Shirqui Sahib Bahadur, on return from leave, to be Registrar of Assurances, Kurnool, in relief of Mr. S. Appavu Pillai.

The posting of Muhammad Kazim Ali Sahib Ansari Bahadur, Deputy Collector, on return from leave, to special duty, Kistna, for work connected with the acquisition of lands for the Kistna District Board, is cancelled:

Development Department

Mr. A. Castelino District Veterinary Officer, Calicut, leave on average pay for three months and twenty-nine days from the 8th August 1937 preparatory to retirement.

Mr. C. P. Fernandez, Assistant Inspector of Factories, leave on average pay on medical certificate for six months from he 19th July 1937.

Mr. W. G. Dyson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, on return from leaves to act as Conservator of Forests, Working Plans Circle, in relief of Mr. C C. Robinson, granted leave.

Public Works Department

(GENERAL)

Mr. G. Seturama Iyer, Officiating Executive Engine[er] Godavari Northern Divisi[on] Dowlaishwaram Circle, leave average pay without medi[cal] certificate for four months 18th October 1937 or [...] relief.

The High Commissioner [for] India has granted Mr. A. Nightingale, Superinten[ding] Engineer, extension of leave average pay for three days f[rom] 4th October 1937 forenoon.

Mr. T. G. Krishna [...] Officiating Executive Engine[er] Localisation Division, Dowlai[sh]waram Circle, leave on avera[ge] pay without medical certifi[cate] for twenty days from [...] August 1937.

Mr. B. S. Ramaswami A[...] Officiating Superintending [Engi]neer, Dowlaishwaram Ci[rcle to] hold charge of the Locali[sation] Division of the same ci[rcle in] addition to his own duties [during] the absence of Mr. T. G. K[rishna] Ayyar on leave.

Pan-Chew[...] Can[...]

EXCESSIV[...]

Radium Institute's [...]

Patna, A[...]

'Pan' which is univ[...] chewed in India does not [...] after all to be as innocent [...] devotees may like to [...] According to the annua[l ...] of the Patna Radium I[...] for the year 1935-36 e[...] 'pan-chewing' is respon[sible ...] a large group of cases of [...] The report observes [...] interesting to note [...] total number of cases of can[cer ...] in nearly half of them [...] disease was inside the mo[uth ...] The habit of constantly che[wing] pan with lime and tobacco [...] keeping the chewed mass in [...] mouth against the cheek is [res]ponsible for a large majori[ty of] cases of cancer of the c[...] This habit of pan-eating [...] most universal throughout [...] amongst all classes of [...] and if indulged in modera[...] apparently not harmful. [...] however, the habit of frequ[...] taking them with tobacco [...] lime and keeping the mas[s in]side the mouth for a prol[onged] period of time which a[...] cause the mischief. Th[...] of excessive pa[...] is largely preval[ent ...] certain classes of peop[le ...]ly women and is respo[nsible ...] a large group of cases of c[...]

The report proceeds to say, "although we have no definite knowledge as to the exact cause of cancer still in a large majority of these mouth cases the existence of the disease can be definitely traced to the presenc[e] of some kind of constant irrita[tion]. There is often an interva[l] frequently of years before the disease shows itself. Th[e] majority of cases are betwe[en] the ages of 40 and 60 and [in] most of them the habit had be[en] in existence for years befor[e]. The disease very often starts [as] a small painless ulcer and is thought to be an ordinary lim[e] burn and no serious attention [is] bestowed upon it. Once form[ed] nothing however seems to [be] able to check it and it goe[s on] progressively increasing an[d by] the time its real nature i[s] known it has very often seriously involved other parts.

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